

## ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (UNDER-GRADUATE COURSES)

The students admitted in 2010-11 shall be governed by the relevant rules as indicated below:

### 1.0 DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 'Academic Year' or 'Academic Session' of the University shall ordinarily be between July to June and shall consist of two semesters.
- 1.2 'Semester' is an academic term of normally 18-20 weeks including examinations.
- 1.3 'Course' means a unit of instruction or a segment of a subject matter to be covered in a semester. Each course is assigned a specific number, title and credits.
- 1.4 'Credit Hour' also written as 'Credit' means the numerical weight allotted to the course, including its theory and practical parts. One credit will represent one hour of lecture and two to three hours of laboratory/field practical in each week.
- 1.5 'Grade point' is a numerical number which denotes students' performance in a course. It is obtained by dividing the percentage marks obtained by ten.
- 1.6 'Credit point' is the product of credit and grade point obtained by the student in a course.
- 1.7 'SGPA' (Semester Grade Point Average) is the average of the credit points of a semester.
- 1.8 'OGPA' is the overall cumulative grade point average obtained by the student in the courses taken in all the semesters completed by him/her.
- 1.9 'Year' means an academic session consisting of two semesters. Say, first year means the first academic session of the prescribed course of a degree programme. Similarly, second year, third year, and fourth year mean second, third and fourth academic sessions, respectively.
- 1.10 'Equivalent percentage' is the percentage obtained by multiplying grade point, SGPA, and OGPA respectively by ten.

## 2.0 THE PROGRAMME AND GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

- 2.1 Minimum residential requirement and maximum period for all the programmes:

Minimum residential requirement	8 semesters
Maximum period for which a student can remain on the college roll	12 semesters

**Note:** In case a student does not complete his/her course work satisfactorily (5.0 OGPA out of 10) within the maximum prescribed period he/she shall no longer be a student of the university and the respective Dean of the college shall drop him from the college roll.

### 3.0 EXAMINATION

There shall be a main theory and/or practical examination conducted by the university at the end of each semester. The theory and practical examinations shall be of three hours duration except otherwise specified. Besides this, there will be a mid-term examination.

#### 3.1 Mid-Term Examination:

A mid-term examination of 20 maximum marks shall be held after completion of about 50% syllabus in each course. The mid-term examination shall be of one hour duration.

"If a student misses the mid term examination due to any legitimate reason including deputation by the university, then he/she will be permitted to appear in a special mid term examination before the final examination". Only one special mid-term examination per course shall be conducted for all eligible students under this rule.

Students who are deputed by the university will have to submit the information in advance to the concerned department for awarding attendance.

- 3.2 The distribution of marks for the mid-term examination, final theory examination and practical examination shall be as follows:

Credit (Marks T/P)	Mid-Term Examination	Final (University) Examination		Total
		Theory	Practical	
1/2/3/4+1	20(T)	50	30	100
0+1/2/3/4	20(P)	-	80	100
1/2/3/4+0	20(T)	80	-	100
1+2/3/4	20(P)	30	50	100

- 3.3** The distribution of marks for the final practical examination shall be as under

	Practical with Maximum Marks	30	50	80
(a)	Practical record and day-to-day assessment (Sessional work)	5	10	15
(b)	Practical exercises (may include any exercises as decided by the external examiner)	20	30	50
(c)	Viva-voce	5	10	15

### 3.4 Grading System

- (i) A numerical grading system is followed for evaluation. Each course has a numerical weightage known as credit. The total marks obtained in each course (including its mid-term, theory and practical parts) are converted into percentage and divided by 10 to obtain the grade point for that course. The grade point when multiplied by the total course credit, gives credit points for the course.
- (ii) Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is simply average of the credit points for a semester. The Overall Grade Point Average (OGPA) is the average for all courses upto the current semester.

If  $C_i$  and  $G_i$  are the credit and grade points for a course, then OGPA and SGPA are given by the following formulae:

$$SGPA = \frac{\sum C_i G_i}{\sum C_i} \text{ where the summation is for all courses in the semester}$$

$$OGPA = \frac{\sum C_i G_i}{\sum C_i} \text{ where the summation is for all courses of preceding semester including the current one}$$

- (iii) The percentage equivalent of OGPA shall be determined by multiplying OGPA by ten.
- (iv) The division of the under graduate student shall be determined by the OGPA at the end of successful completion of program as follows:

Division	OGPA
First	6.00 and above
Second	5.00 and above

### 3.5 Pass Requirements:

- (i) Candidates are required to pass separately in final theory and/or practical examinations in each course
- (ii) For a pass, a candidate is required to obtain at least 40% marks in each theory final examination as well as in each practical final examination and 4.00 grade point in the course.
- (iii) The minimum OGPA required for degree is 5.00.

### 3.6 Promotion to Higher Classes:

- (i) The promotion to next class shall be decided only at the end of an academic year.
- (ii) A student will not be eligible for promotion to fourth year unless and until he/she clears all courses of 1<sup>st</sup> year.
- (iii) A student will be promoted to higher class if he/she secures an OGPA as mentioned in the table below.

Year to which promotion is being Considered	Minimum OGPA required for Promotion
Second	4.00
Third	4.50
Fourth	4.75 (with no Backlog of 1 <sup>st</sup> Year)

- (iv) A student who has been promoted to the first Semester of a class as a result of above rule, shall be automatically promoted to the second semester of that class regardless of the result of the year's first semester examination.
- (v) If a student is not promoted to a higher class, he/she shall become an ex-student of the failed class and has to clear the backlog and/ or improve his/her OGPA to be eligible for promotion.
- (vi) Provisional Promotion :
- (a) The Promotion will be provisional with the permission of Concerned Dean to higher class till the result of the previous semester is declared.
- (b) Student has to register as per academic calendar, i e. Date of registration without late fee and date of registration with late fees would be applicable.
- (c) Student has to give an undertaking that on declaration of result, if he/ she is not eligible, the registration would stand cancelled automatically.

- (d) Student should have a minimum OGPA as per existing UG rules.
- (e) Per-requisite courses, if any, have to be cleared prior to the regular courses.

### **3.7 Clearing of Backlogs and Repeating of Courses for Improvement of OGPA:**

#### **A. Clearing of Backlog:**

- (a) All the students with backlog (whether promoted or ex-students) shall have to appear in the examination of backlog courses in the main examination of the semester in which such courses are regularly offered. The student will be permitted to appear in backlog examination in failed part only whether it is theory or practical or both. He/she shall not be required to attend regular classes for such courses.
- (b) Mid term marks obtained by a student will not be carried over for backlog examination and proportionate marks shall be awarded.
- (c) The university shall conduct final examination as per current scheme of examinations. Students offered backlog courses would be required to appear in the equivalent course in the new programme. In case of variation in the course content, student has to do self preparation.
- (d) If the backlog course is the result of being detained on account of shortage of attendance, the student has to appear in both theory and practical examinations by regularly offered courses or as a contact course, if time table adjustment is not possible

#### **B. Improvement of OGPA**

- (a) Student should apply to improve the OGPA within 11 days from the date of issue of mark sheet of last semester. They should surrender the original mark sheet issued to them and submit the same along with application form.
- (b) A student would be given only one chance for improvement of OGPA.
- (c) Student will be allowed to repeat two courses of his/her choice irrespective of grade obtained in the course (s) or semester, provided that the course is being offered as regular course in current semester.
- (d) There will be a common examination for regular students and for those who have been offered courses for improvement.

- (e) Students will not be issued PDC till the result of the courses offered for improvement is declared.
- (f) The repeated course shall be marked as "Repeat" in the revised mark-sheet.
- (g) In case PDC has been issued to the student he/she will not be eligible for improvement.
- (h) The student would be required to pay regular semester fees if he/she wishes to attend the classes. Otherwise he/she shall be treated as Ex-student.
- (i) The examination fee for courses offered for improvement will be Rs. 1000.00 (Rupees one thousand only) per paper irrespective whether it is a regular course or a special paper.
- (j) The student has to submit an undertaking that the marks obtained in the examinations taken for improvement will replace the marks obtained in the original examination of the paper(s), if he/she gets more than previous result.
- (k) In case a student fails in the improvement course, he/she will be awarded minimum pass marks in that paper.
- (l) Mid term marks in improvement courses: In such cases, the student will be awarded proportionate marks based on marks obtained in final examination.

### **3.8 Special Backlog Examination:**

#### **A. In case student has completed 8<sup>th</sup> Semester and has backlog in only one course which is not of 1<sup>st</sup> year :**

- (i) Special examination will be conducted earliest possible after the declaration of semester result i.e. September/ October of 1<sup>st</sup> semester of the academic year for only that course.
- (ii) Student will be charged fee as prescribed by the university, irrespective of whether it is a regular course or a special paper.
- (iii) Student has to apply for special examination within 11 (eleven) days of declaration of result of 8<sup>th</sup> semester, failing which his/her application will not be considered.
- (iv) In case if a student chooses for re-evaluation and fails, examination for such a paper will be conducted along with regular papers of that semester only.
- (v) If a student fails in a special paper examination, he/she would be allowed to reappear with regular examination of next semester only i.e. once in a semester.

**B. In case a student has completed 8<sup>th</sup> semester and has got backlog of up to 6 courses irrespective of semester:**

- (i) Backlog examination will be conducted along with regular examination of the semester.
- (ii) If regular examination is being conducted for a particular paper, he/she would have to pay normal fee for that paper and special fee of Rs. 1000/- per paper will be charged for the course which are not listed for conducting the examinations in that semester.
- (iii) If a student does not clear one or more backlog course, he/she will have to appear as Ex-student along with regular examination in the next semester and fee will be charged at regular rate, if the courses are listed for conducting the examination in that semester, otherwise, special fee of Rs. 1000/- will be charged

**C.** Other rules like maximum number of semesters, minimum passing marks, etc will be applicable as per rules.

**3.9 Re-evaluation for answer book:**

- (i) (a) Re-evaluation is permissible only in Theory paper of semester's final examination.  
(b) Re-evaluation is not permissible in the Answer book of unfair means case (s)
- (ii) The candidate may apply for re-evaluation within 11 days of the issue of the mark sheet on the prescribed form through Head of the institution depositing required fee and original mark-sheet. Incomplete and late submitted application shall not be considered.
- (iii) The re-evaluation fee per paper shall be as prescribed and will not be refundable on any pretext.
- (iv) Re-evaluation shall be done by an examiner of the subject to be appointed by the Vice Chancellor.
- (v) If the marks obtained after re-evaluation increase / decrease within 20% of the maximum marks prescribed for the paper, the same will be taken as marks obtained after re-evaluation. However, if the marks awarded by the re-evaluation increase /decrease by more than 20% of maximum marks prescribed for the paper then the answer book will be referred to the second re-evaluation and the average of two closest awarded marks (the middle award in case the three awards if uniformly spread) shall be taken as the marks obtained after re-evaluation and shall be awarded. However, a student who was declared Pass prior to re-evaluation and fails after re-evaluation, shall be awarded minimum pass marks.

- (vi) Marks awarded after re-evaluation of the paper will be considered for award of merit.
- (vii) (a) No one shall be admitted in the next higher class and considered for any beneficial claim only on account of submission of application of the re-evaluation of Answer Book(s) in the office.  
(b) A student becoming eligible for admission on account of result of re-evaluation may be admitted in next higher class without late fee. He will be required to pay full fees for the year within 7 days of declaration of the result. Attendance in such case shall be counted from the date of admission.

**3.10 Moderation of Results:**

The result committee shall also act as Moderation Committee to review the results for the normal distribution of marks, the percentage of pass and failure. Any moderation suggested in a paper shall be uniformly applied to all the students registered in that paper, with the approval of the Vice Chancellor. Any moderation effected should not be more than 10 % of maximum marks in a paper. However, if after moderation or otherwise, if a student is failing only by one mark in a paper, Controller of Examinations may award one grace mark to pass the student in that paper.

**4.0 GENERAL RULES PERTAINING TO EXAMINATIONS**

- 4.1 A student who has been deputed by College/University authorities to represent at a national/international meet/ championship/tournament/extra curricular activities, does not appear in the final examination due to such participation, may be permitted to take missing paper(s) at next main examination, when such course(s) are regularly offered as a special case. He/she, however, will be required to seek prior permission from the Vice-Chancellor.
- 4.2 No special examination shall be held for students who miss the examination on account of police custody, court attendance or fail to attend for other reason, whatsoever.
- 4.3 Examinations will not be postponed due to failure of electricity.
- 4.4 The boycotted and walked out papers shall not be recounted. This authority rests only with the Chancellor of the university.

**5.0 PRACTICAL WORK EXPERIENCE REQUIREMENTS**

After successful completion of all the courses including practical trainings with minimum OGPA of 5.0, a student will become eligible for the degree.

Details of practical training (Training in factory, workshop, mine, engineering works/design, office etc.) which students are to undertake in different degree programmes are given below:

Branch of Engineering	Duration	Year
(a) Agriculture*	30 + 30 = 60 days	At the end of II & III year
(b) Mechanical	30 + 30 = 60 days	- do -
(c) Mining**	30 + 30 = 60 days	- do -
(d) Electrical	30 + 30 = 60 days	- do -
(e) Computer Science & Engg.	30 + 30 = 60 days	- do -
(f) Electronics & Communication	30 + 30 = 60 days	- do -
(g) Information Technology	30 + 30 = 60 days	- do -
(h) Civil Engineering	30 + 30 = 60 days	- do -

\* In addition to the above 2 months training programme, the agricultural engineering graduates have to undergo experiential learning or Hands-on training (4 month ) in the second semester of final year BE.(Ag.).

In order to take policy decision and to solve the operational and administrative bottleneck, if any, there shall be a college level committee consisting of the followings. The committee will guide in selection of cafeteria courses and experiential learning/project.

Senior most Head of the Department	-	Convenor
Heads of concerned Department	-	Member
Training Officer	-	Member
Class Advisor of IV year	-	Member

Procedure for evaluating the students on all the above practical trainings will be followed as prescribed.

\*\* The Mining Engineering students shall have to undergo 12 days mining camp at the end of I semester of II year and 12 days survey camp at the end of I semester of III year, in addition to 60 days practical training.

## 6.0 ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS

6.1 The student shall be permitted to appear in the university main examination only if a minimum attendance of 75% is maintained separately in theory and practical in each course from the date of registration in that course. However, in NCC/NSS/NSO the minimum attendance requirement would be 65%. In case of sickness or any other valid reasons, the vice-chancellor may condone the attendance to an extent of 10%.

6.2 A student who is short of attendance in one or more courses will be detained from appearing in the final semester examination of all such course(s) and will be awarded zero grade point. Such courses shall be denoted by letter "DE" in the mark sheet.

6.3 En-mass absence shall be treated as absent in the attendance record of the students and will be charged a fine of Rs. 2000/- on en-mass cutting of the classes for more than 3 days.

6.4 If a student absents continuously for 7 working days in a semester in any subject, his/her registration in the semester will be cancelled and parents informed accordingly. Such students will be provided an option for re-admission in the course/programme within 7 days of the cancellation of their registration by paying a fee of Rs. 500/-.

6.5 If a student who has been admitted to the 1st semester of a programme and fails to attend the classes continuously for a period of 30 days without the permission of the Dean of the college, the name of such a student will be removed from the college roll. No petition is permitted in this case. He/she may have to seek re-admission as a fresh candidate.

6.6 If a regular student of the college in subsequent semester fails to register on schedule time or fails to attend the class after registration continuously for 30 days without the permission of the Dean of the college, the student will be removed from the college roll and parents informed accordingly. A student so removed may apply to the Dean within 15 days of his/her removal for reconsideration for re-registration in the next academic session, giving valid and strong reasons for failing to take permission. His removal may be revoked, provided that, his/her advisor is satisfied with the performance of the student and the same is approved by the Dean. The period of removal shall be counted towards the number of semester, though no grade/marks would be awarded for this semester.

## 7.0 ADVISORY SYSTEM

Student will be required to report to the respective class advisors for getting registration form and examination form for the purpose of registration. Class advisors will also be responsible for distribution of marksheet obtained from the university.

## 8.0 SYMBOLS AND THEIR MEANING

Following symbols would be used to designate the status of the student:

Symbol	Significance
F	Fail
DE	Detained
UM	Unfairmeans
R	Repeat

**Note -** All such courses which are cleared by repeating the same or repeated for improvement of OGPA to bring it to the minimum required level shall be marked by letter 'R' in the transcript.

## 9.0 WITHDRAWAL FROM SEMESTER

- (a) A student shall be permitted to withdraw from a semester only two times in the degree programme, on the grounds of ill-health and personal exigencies subject to the condition that the reasons for withdrawal are convincing. For this the student has to submit a written request at least one week prior to the commencement of the main examination of the semester from which the student wants to withdraw.
- (b) A student who has withdrawn from a semester has to join the same semester during next year.
- (c) The period lost due to withdrawal (one year for one withdrawal) shall not be counted towards maximum permissible period for which a student can remain on the college roll.

## 10.0 EXAMINATION OF PRACTICAL TRAINING, PROJECT AND SEMINAR

- (a) For the examination of practical training (including industry visit, mining camp, survey camp, etc.) there will be an internal board appointed by the Dean. The board will comprise of concerned Head of the Department as chairman and one or two teachers of the concerned department(s) as members. The marks will be awarded on the basis of work report, practical record, quiz, viva-voce, etc. and added to the marks list in the Final year's examination.
- (b) For project viva-voce examination there shall be a Board of examiners consisting of project committee and one/two external examiners. The concerned Head of the Department will be the Chairman of the committee. However, in Agriculture Engineering discipline, the Chairman will be the Project Chairman. The Chairman will then nominate two teachers as members. The Board may meet in one or two meetings according to the availability of external examiner(s). A candidate will be assessed for the work done during semester by the Project Advisor and the Project Committee.

As the project is assigned in the first semester of the final year and the student works on it during both the semesters the assessment of the project shall be done in both the semesters. The internal viva-voce of first semester and both the seminars shall be assessed by the Project Committee. However the marks shall be counted in the second semester only. The distribution of marks shall be as follows :

Particulars	I Semester	II Semester	Total
Day-to-day assessment by the major advisor	15	20	35
Seminar	10	15	25
Viva-voce	10 (Internal)	30 (External)	40
TOTAL	35	65	100

- (c) For seminar, wherever prescribed as a course of study, there shall be a board of examiners consisting of the Head of the Department as chairman and two teachers of the department.

## 11.0 CHANGE OF BRANCH OF STUDY IN SECOND YEAR B.TECH.

The students, in the second year, can avail one opportunity to change their branch of study on merit basis in accordance with rules framed by the university from time to time.

## 12.0 ADMISSION OF DIPLOMA STUDENTS IN SECOND YEAR B.TECH.

The diploma holders from the Board of Technical Education, Rajasthan with 10+2 qualification can seek direct admission in second year B.Tech. The number of seats, admission procedure, educational and other requirement would be as specified by the Government and/or approved by the university from time to time.

## 13.0 GRADUATION REQUIREMENT AND AWARD OF DIVISION

- (a) A student shall be awarded degree only if he has passed all the courses and completed other requirements prescribed for the programme and secured an OGPA of 5.00 or above.
- (b) The division of the student shall be determined by the OGPA at the end of successful completion of the program as follows :

Division	OGPA
First	6.00 and above
Second	5.00 and above

**SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION  
(Civil Engineering)**

**First Year B.Tech. (Common for All Branches)**

**I-SEMESTER**

*in the same group in II semester as well. However, they have to offer all the eight courses in first year.*

Course No.	Title	Credit		Hours/Week			Marks		
		Th.	P	L	T	P	Th.	P	MT
BS 111	Mathematics - I	3	0	3	0	0	80	-	20
ME 113	Mechanical Engg. - I	3	0	3	0	0	80	-	20
ME 114	Workshop Practice	0	1	0	0	3	0	80	20
CE 115	Engineering Drawing	0	1	0	0	3	0	80	20
	NCC/NSS/NSO <sup>1</sup>	-	-	0	0	2	-	-	-
<b>GROUP I</b>									
BS 100P	Engineering Physics	2	1	2	0	2	50	30	20
CE 100	Engineering Mechanics	2	1	2	0	2	50	30	20
EE 100	Electrical Engg. - I	3	1	3	0	2	50	30	20
ENVS 100	Environmental Studies	2	1	2	0	2	50	30	20
<b>GROUP II</b>									
BS 100C	Engineering Chemistry	2	1	2	0	2	50	30	20
EC 100	Electronics and Instrumentation	3	1	3	0	2	50	30	20
CS 100	Introduction to Computer Programming and Data Structure	3	1	3	0	2	50	30	20
BS 100E	English and Communication Skill <sup>2</sup>	1	1	1	0	2	50	30	20
	Total	15	6	15	0	16	-	-	-
<b>Total Credits/Hours/Marks</b>		<b>21</b>		<b>31</b>			<b>800</b>		

<sup>1</sup> NCC/NSS/NSO is compulsory and the student will be assessed as satisfactory/ unsatisfactory at the end of IV semester.

<sup>2</sup> The examination (Theory and Lab) shall be conducted internally by the college.

**Note:** The courses BS 100P, CE 100, EE 100, ENVS 100, BS100C, EC 100, CS 100 and BS 100E shall be offered in both the semesters. The students will be divided in two groups in I semester itself and shall remain

## II-SEMESTER

Course No.	Title	Credit		Hours/Week			Marks		
		Th.	P	L	T	P	Th.	P	MT
BS 121	Mathematics - II	3	0	3	0	0	80	-	20
CE 122	Civil Engineering	1	1	1	0	2	50	30	20
ME 123	Machine Drawing - I	0	1	0	0	3	0	80	20
ME 124	Workshop Technology	2	1	2	0	3	50	30	20
	NCC/NSS/NSO <sup>1</sup>	-	-	0	0	2	-	-	-
<b>GROUP I</b>									
BS 100C	Engineering Chemistry	2	1	2	0	2	50	30	20
EC 100	Electronics and Instrumentation	3	1	3	0	2	50	30	20
CS 100	Introduction to Computer Programming and Data Structure	3	1	3	0	2	50	30	20
BS 100E	English and Communication Skill <sup>2</sup>	1	1	1	0	2	50	30	20
<b>GROUP II</b>									
BS100P	Engineering Physics	2	1	2	0	2	50	30	20
CE 100	Engineering Mechanics	2	1	2	0	2	50	30	20
EE 100	Electrical Engineering - I	3	1	3	0	2	50	30	20
ENVS 100	Environmental Studies	2	1	2	0	2	50	30	20
	Total	15	7	15	0	18	-	-	-
<b>Total Credits/Hours/Marks</b>		<b>22</b>		<b>33</b>			<b>800</b>		

<sup>1</sup> NCC/NSS/NSO is compulsory and the student will be assessed as satisfactory/ unsatisfactory at the end of IV semester.

<sup>2</sup> The examination (Theory and Lab) shall be conducted internally by the college.

## SECOND YEAR B.Tech.

### III SEMESTER

Course No.	Title	Credit		Hours/Week			Marks		
		Th	P	L	T	P	Th	P	MT
BS211( All Branches)	Mathematics III	3	-	3	-	-	80	-	20
CE211(CE, AE, EE,MI)	Strength of Material	2	1	2	1	2	50	30	20
CE212	Fluid Mechanics	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE213	Building Construction	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE214	Computer Aided Drawing	-	1	-	-	2	-	80	20
IT215 (CE)	Principles of object oriented Programming	2	1	2	-	2	50	30	20
MI217 (CE)	Engineering Geology	2	1	2	-	2	50	30	20
	NSS/NCC/NSO <sup>1</sup>	-	-	0	0	2	-	-	-
	<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>140</b>
<b>Total Credits/Hours/Marks</b>		<b>21</b>		<b>30</b>			<b>700</b>		

T – Tutorials do not carry any credit.

### IV SEMESTER

Course No.	Title	Credit		Hours/Week			Marks		
		Th	P	L	T	P	Th	P	MT
CE221	Structural Analysis	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE222	Hydraulics & Hydraulic Machines	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE223	Building Planning & Design	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE224	Concrete Technology	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE225	Surveying – I	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE226	Disaster Management	1	1	1	-	2	50	30	20
CE227	Building Drawing	-	1	-	-	2	-	80	20
	NSS/NCC/NSO <sup>1</sup>	-	-	0	0	2	-	-	-
	<b>Total</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>140</b>
<b>Total Credits/Hours/Marks</b>		<b>23</b>		<b>32</b>			<b>700</b>		

<sup>1</sup>NSS/NCC/NSO is compulsory and the student will be assessed as satisfactory/ unsatisfactory at the end of IV semester.

**Note:** Students have to undergo a practical training of 30 days at the end of IV semester during summer break for which the assessment will be made at the beginning of the next semester.



### THIRD YEAR B.Tech.

#### V SEMESTER

Course No.	Title	Credit		Hours/Week			Marks		
		Th	P	L	T	P	Th	P	MT
CE311	Theory of Structures-I	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE312	Design of Concrete Structures-I	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE313	Geotechnical Engineering-I	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE314	Surveying-II	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE315	Computer Applications in Civil Engineering	-	1	-	-	2	-	80	20
CE 316	Design of Steel Structures -I	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
	<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>120</b>
<b>Total Credits/Hours/Marks</b>		<b>21</b>		<b>27</b>			<b>600</b>		

**Note:** There will be a **Survey Camp** of duration 7 days after V Semester.

#### VI SEMESTER

Course No.	Title	Credit		Hours/Week			Marks		
		Th	P	L	T	P	Th	P	MT
CE321	Theory of Structures-II	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE322	Design of Concrete Structures-II	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE323	Design of Steel Structures -II	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE324	Geotechnical Engineering-II	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE325	Transportation Engineering-I	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE326	Matrix Methods of Structural Analysis	-	2	-	-	4	-	80	20
CE327	Survey Camp	0	1	-	-	-	-	100	-
	<b>Total</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>120</b>
<b>Total Credits/Hours/Marks</b>		<b>23</b>		<b>29</b>			<b>700</b>		

**Note:** Students have to undergo a practical training of 30 days at the end of VI semester during summer break for which the assessment will be made at the beginning of the next semester.

### FOURTH YEAR B.Tech.

#### VII SEMESTER

Course No.	Title	Credit		Hours/Week			Marks		
		Th	P	L	T	P	Th	P	MT
CE411	Bridge Engineering	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE412	Water Resources Engineering	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE413	Public Health Engineering-I	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE414	Transportation Engineering -II	2	1	2	-	2	50	30	20
CE415	Estimating & Costing	2	1	2	-	2	50	30	20
Elective-I*		2	1	2	-	2	50	30	20
		3	0	3	-	-	80	-	20
CE425	Project <sup>1</sup>	0	-	0	0	4	-	-	-
	<b>Total</b>	<b>15/16</b>	<b>6/5</b>	<b>15/16</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16/14</b>	<b>300/330</b>	<b>180/150</b>	<b>120</b>
<b>Total Credits/Hours/Marks</b>		<b>21</b>		<b>31/30</b>			<b>600</b>		

<sup>1</sup> The topic for the project (CE 425) will be allotted in the VII semester but assessed in both the semesters. The total credits will however be counted in the VIII semester.

#### \* ELECTIVE-I

CE416 (a) Construction Economics and Finance

CE416 (b) Tall Buildings

CE 416(c) Design of Pre-Stress Structures

CE416 (d) Design of Industrial Structures

CE416 (e) Solid Waste Management

BS411 Operation Research

SW415 Remote Sensing and GIS Application

ME416 (a) Finite Element Method

FM414 Human Engineering and Safety

#### Note:

- The students have to take one elective each out of the list given. However, the elective may not be offered if faculty expertise is not available or a minimum of 10 students do not opt for a particular elective.
- Electives, BS411 Operation Research and ME416 (a) Finite Element Method will have Cr. Hrs. 3 (3+0) in place of 3 (2+1). (Marks for these courses will be 80+20 in place of 50+30+20).

## VIII SEMESTER

Course No.	Title	Credit		Hours/Week			Marks		
		Th	P	L	T	P	Th	P	MT
CE421	Project Evaluation & Construction Management	2	1	2	-	2	50	30	20
CE422	Public Health Engineering-II	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
CE423	Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures	3	1	3	-	2	50	30	20
Elective-II**		2	1	2	-	2	50	30	20
CE425	Project	0	8	0	0	12	-	100	-
CE426	Practical Training & Industrial Visit	0	4	0	0	0	-	100	-
CE427	Seminar	0	2	0	-	4	-	100	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>10</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>Total Credits/Hours/Marks</b>		<b>28</b>		<b>34</b>			<b>700</b>		

<sup>2</sup> The marks of practical trainings conducted during summer breaks (At the end of IV & VI semester) will be considered in VIII semester out of 90 marks. The industrial visit will be assessed out of 10 marks. If the tour does not undergo, the trainings will be assessed out of 100 marks.

### \*\* ELECTIVE-II

CE424 (a) Repair and Rehabilitation of Concrete Structures  
 CE424 (b) Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures  
 CE424 (c) Advanced Transportation Engineering  
 CE424 (d) Open Channel Hydraulics  
 CE424 (e) Experimental Stress Analysis  
 CE424 (f) Ground Improvement Techniques  
 CE424 (g) Rural Water Supply & Sanitation  
 CE424 (h) Advanced Foundation Engineering  
 MI428 (CE) Advanced Engineering Geology  
 EE428 (CE) Neural Networks

### Note:

- (i) The students have to take one elective each out of the list given. However, the elective may not be offered if faculty expertise is not available or a minimum of 10 students do not opt for a particular elective.

## COURSE CONTENT

### FIRST YEAR B.TECH. (I SEMESTER)

#### BS 111 MATHEMATICS – I

Cr. Hrs. 3 (3 + 0)

	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	0
Hours	3	0	0

#### Unit-I

Taylor's and Maclaurin's expansions; Asymptotes, Curvatures, Simple curve tracing.

#### Unit-II

Partial differentiation; Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem; Composite functions and total differential coefficient; Jacobians; Error and Approximations.

#### Unit-III

Double and Triple integrals; Change of order of integration; Rectification of standard curves; Volumes and surfaces of revolution of curves.

#### Unit-IV

Differential equations of higher order with constant coefficients: Methods of finding complementary functions and particular integrals; Homogeneous equations with constant and variable coefficient.

### Text Books/References

- Y.N. Guar and C.L. Koul. (2005). Engineering Mathematics, (Vols.-I, II), Jaipur Publishing House, Jaipur.
- N.P. Bali and N.Ch.S.N. Iyengar. (2003). A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd, New Delhi.

**ME 113 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING – I****Cr. Hrs. 3 (3 + 0)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

**Unit-I**

*Thermodynamics:* Thermodynamic properties, closed and open systems, flow and non-flow processes, gas laws, laws of thermodynamics, internal energy. Application of First Law in heating and expansion of gases in non-flow processes. First Law applied to steady flow processes.

*Second law of thermodynamics:* Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. Reversible processes, Carnot cycle, Carnot theorem. Entropy, physical concept of entropy, change of entropy of gases in thermodynamic processes.

**Unit-II**

*Properties of Steam:* Difference between gas and vapour, change of phase during constant pressure process. Generation of Steam, triple point and critical point. Internal energy and entropy of steam. Use of steam tables and Mollier chart, heating and expansion of vapour in non-flow processes, measurement of dryness fraction.

**Unit-III**

*Vapour Power Cycles:* Introduction, Carnot Cycle. Desirable properties of working fluid used for power plants. Rankine cycle. Expansive and non expansive working.

*Steam Generators :* Classification of steam boilers. Cochran, Lancashire, locomotive and Babcock-Wilcox boilers. Boiler mountings and accessories.

*Steam Engines:* Introduction to simple and compound steam engines, saturation curve and missing quantity, governing.

**Unit-IV**

*Gas Power Cycles:* Introduction. Air Standard efficiency, other engine efficiencies and terms. Otto, diesel and dual cycles. Calculation of efficiency, mean effective pressure and their comparison.

*Internal Combustion Engines:* Introduction. Classification, terminology and description of IC Engines. Four stroke and two stroke petrol, gas and diesel engines. Valve timing diagrams. Comparison of petrol and diesel engines. Simple carburettor. Ignition system of SI engine, diesel fuel pump and injectors.

**Text Books/References**

1. M. L. Mathur and F. S. Mehta. Thermal Engineering, (Vol. I, SI Edition), Jain Brothers, New Delhi.
2. R. K. Purohit. Thermal Engineering. 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Scientific Publishers, Jodhpur.

**ME 114 WORKSHOP PRACTICE****Cr. Hrs. 1 (0 + 1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

*Carpentry Shop:* Acquaintance with types of wood, tools and their uses. Simple exercises involving basic operations like sawing, planning, chiselling, etc. Preparation of simple joints, cross half lap joint, dovetail joint, bridle joint, tenon and mortise joint.

*Smithy Shop:* Acquaintance with types of tools and their uses. Simple exercises involving basic operations like bending, drawing, punching, shaping, upsetting, and riveting.

*Fitting Shop:* Acquaintance with tools, measuring and marking tools, precision measuring tools and their uses. Simple exercises involving basic operations like sawing, chipping, filing, drilling, reaming, threading with taps and dies.

*Sheet Metal and Plumbing Shop:* Demonstration of basic tools, pipe fittings and operations.

**Texts/References**

1. S. K. Hajra Choudhury and AK Hajra Choudhury. Elements of Workshop Technology (Vol. I), Media Promoters & Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Bombay.

**CE 115 ENGINEERING DRAWING****Cr. Hrs. 1 (0 + 1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

Introduction and letter writing. Construction and use of plain, diagonal and vernier scale. Methods of drawing ellipse, parabola and hyperbola. Methods of drawing cycloids, spirals. Orthographic projection and projection of points.

Projection of lines, projection of planes, projection of solids. Introduction of prism, pyramid, cylinder and cone.

Section of solids, introduction of intersection of surfaces. Development of plane and curved surface. Isometric projection.

### Text/Reference

1. N.D. Bhatt. Elementary Engineering Drawing, Rupalee publication, Anand.
2. Lakshmi Narayan and Vaishwanar. A Text Book of Practical Geometry, Jain Brother, New Delhi.
3. R.B. Gupta. A Text Book of Engineering Drawing, Satry Prakashan, New Delhi.
4. Fundamentals of Technical Drawing, Parkinson.

## BS 100P ENGINEERING PHYSICS

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2 + 1)

	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	2

### Unit-I

*Electric Field:* Line integral of electric field, Potential difference, Field as gradient of potential, Divergence of a vector function, Differential form of Gauss's law, Laplacian, Laplace equations, Curl of a vector function. Gauss's divergence theorem.

*Magnetic Field:* Curl and Divergence of a magnetic field, Magnetic scalar and vector potential.

### Unit-II

*Varying Field:* Faraday's law-integral and differential form, Self and mutual inductance, Neumann's equation, Charge and discharge of a capacitor through register, Growth and decay of current in LR circuit, Energy stored in electric and magnetic field, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations.

### Unit-III

*Laser:* Coherence, Einstein's coefficient, Spontaneous and stimulated emission, Population inversion, Laser gain (pumping), Spectral narrowing in laser, Coherence length, Ruby and He-Ne laser.

*Interference:* Division of amplitude, colour of thin films, Newton's ring, Feby-Perot interferometer-principle, operation, determination of wave length and difference in wave length.

### Unit-IV

*Diffraction:* Double slit Fraunhofer diffraction pattern, Fraunhofer diffraction by a plane transmission grating, Formation of spectra.

*Polarization:* Analysis of linearly, circularly and elliptically polarized light (Half wave and quarter wave plates), Optical activity, specific rotations, Laurent's half shade and its use for determination of specific rotation of sugar solution.

### Practicals

1. To find refractive index and dispersive power of material of prism by spectrometer.
2. To find wave length of light by Newton's ring.
3. To find wave length of light by diffraction grating.
4. To find specific rotation of sugar solution by polarimeter.
5. To find wave length of light by Fresnel Biprism.
6. To find frequency of A.C. mains.
7. To determine dielectric constant of liquid using series resonance method.
8. To study charge and discharge of condenser through a resistor (C.R. Circuit).
9. To study LCR resonant circuit, resonance, quality factor and sharpness in (i) series circuit (ii) parallel circuit.

### Text Books/References

1. K.K. Tiwari. (1995). Electricity and Magnetism, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.
2. N. Subrahmanyam and Brijlal. (1993). A Text Book of Optics, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.
3. Ahmed and Lal. (1966). Electricity, Magnetism and Electronics, Unitech House, Lucknow.
4. D.S. Mathur. (1993). Mechanics, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.
5. Gupta and Kumar. (1995). Practical Physics, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2 + 1)

	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	2

**(A) STATICS****Unit-I**

Introduction of condition of equilibrium: Force, system of force, coplanar forces.

*Moment and couples:* Moment and parallel forces, Couples, General conditions of equilibrium

*Practical Applications:* Levers, Cracked levers, Steel yards. Sagging chains and toggle joints.

*Centre of Gravity:* Centre of parallel forces, C.G. in some simple cases, C.G. of Solids.

*Moment of Inertia:* Moment of inertia, Radius of gyration and perpendicular axis. Determination of moment of inertia of simple sections. Mass of moment of inertia.

**Unit-II**

*Friction:* Introduction, Critical angle of friction, Friction on horizontal planes, Friction on inclined planes, Wedge and block, Screw jacks, Rolling friction.

*Machines:* Introduction, Effects of friction, Loss of work, Reversible and irreversible machine, Law of machine, Wheel and axle, Differential wheel and axle, Pulley block, Screw jack, Single and double purchase crab, Worm and Worm wheel, System of pulleys.

*Frames:* Statically determinate plane frames, Method of joints, Method of sections, Graphical method.

**(B) DYNAMICS****Unit-III**

*Rectilinear Motion,* Motion under gravity, Projectiles equation of the path, Maximum height attained, Time of flight, Horizontal range. Angle of projection, Projectile from a given height, Projectile on an inclined plane, Problems.

*Work, Power and Energy:* Work, Power, Work done by torque, Energy, Law of conservation.

**Unit-IV**

*Centripetal and centrifugal forces, Laws of motion:* Newton's Law of motion and their explanation, Collision of elastic bodies; Impulse and impulsive force, Principle of conservation of momentum, Loss of kinetic energy during impact.

**Practicals**

1. Verification of law of polygon of forces.
2. Verification of principle of moment in case of compound level.
3. Verification of principle of moment in case of bell crank level.
4. Determination of reaction in case simply supported beam with or without overhang.
5. To determine coefficient of friction between different surfaces on horizontal plane.
6. To determine coefficient of friction between different surfaces in inclined plane.
7. Study of different wheel and Axle.
8. Study of single purchase crab.
9. Study of worm and worm wheel.
10. Study of Weston's pulley block.
11. Determination of mechanical advantage, velocity ratio and efficiency of single purchase crab.
12. Determination of mechanical advantage, velocity ratio and efficiency of double purchase crab.
13. Determination of mechanical advantage, velocity ratio and efficiency of first system of pulley.
14. Determination of mechanical advantage, velocity ratio and efficiency of second system of pulleys.
15. Determination of mechanical advantage, velocity ratio and efficiency of third system of pulleys Flywheel.

**Text Books/References**

1. I.B. Prasad. Engineering Mechanics, Khanna Publisher, New Delhi.
2. R.S. Khurmi. Applied Mechanics, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi
3. S.B. Junnarkar. Applied Mechanics, Charotar Publishing House, New Delhi.
4. Saluja. Applied Mechanics, Satya Prakashan, New Delhi.

Cr. Hrs. 4 (3 + 1)

	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

**Unit-I**

*D.C. Networks:* Kirchoff's law, node voltage and mesh current methods, delta-star and star delta transformation, source conversion; solution of DC circuits by network theorems: Thevenin's, Norton's, superposition, Reciprocity and Maximum Power Transfer theorem.

**Unit-II**

*Single Phase A.C. Circuits :* Single Phase EMF generation, average and effective values of sinusoidal and linear periodic wave forms, instantaneous and average power, power factor, reactive & apparent power, solution of R-L-C, series, parallel, series-parallel circuits, complex representation of impedances, phasor diagram, series and parallel resonance.

**Unit-III**

*Three Phase A.C., Circuits :* Three phase EMF generation, delta and star-connection, line and phase quantities, solution of the 3- phase balanced circuits, Phasor diagram, measurement of power in three phase balanced circuits.

*Transformer:* Faraday's laws of Electromagnetic induction, construction and principle operation of single phase transformer, EMF equation, voltage and current relationship and Phasor diagram for ideal transformer.

**Unit-IV**

*Electrical Measuring Instruments :* Introduction; type of measuring Instruments, Deflecting controlling & Damping Torque, D.C. PMMC instruments, shunts and multipliers, Moving iron ammeters and voltmeter, Dynamometers wattmeter, Induction type energy meter.

**Practicals :** Based on theory

**Text Books/References**

1. B. L. Therja. Electrical Technology, S. Chand
2. M.E. Van Valkenberg. Network analysis, PHI
3. Soni and Gupta. Introduction to Electrical Network Theory, Dhanpat Rai Publisher
4. R.A. Gupta and Nikhal Gupta. (2002). Fundamentals of electrical & Electronics Engineering, JPH, 1st Edition,
5. H.P. Tiwari. (2002). Electrical & Electronics Engineering, College Book Centre, Jaipur.
6. J.B. Gupta. (2002). Fundamentals of Electrical & Electronics. S.K. Kataria and Sons. Dehli.

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2 + 1)

	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	2

**Unit-I**

*The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies:*

Definition, scope and need for public awareness. Environmental problems and their consequences

*Natural Resources:*

Renewable and non-renewable resources

Natural resources and associated problems

- a) Forest resources: Use over-exploitation, deforestation, and case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people.
- b) Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams, benefits and problems.
- c) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.
- d) Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer- pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.
- e) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.
- f) Land resources: Land and a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.

Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources, Equitable use resources for sustainable lifestyles.

**Unit-II**

*Ecosystems*

Concept of an ecosystem, Structure and function of an ecosystem, Producers, consumers and decomposers, Energy flow in the ecosystem, Ecological succession, Food chains, food webs and ecological

pyramids, Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem.

- Forest ecosystem
- Grassland ecosystem
- Desert ecosystem
- Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

#### *Biodiversity and its conservation*

Introduction – Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity, Biogeographically classification of India, Value of biodiversity: Consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, and aesthetic and option values, Biodiversity at global, National and local levels, India as a mega-diversity nation, Hot spots of biodiversity, Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts, Endangered and endemic species of India, Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

### **Unit-III**

#### Environmental Pollution

Definition, Causes, effects and control measures of: -

Air pollution

Water pollution

Soil pollution

Marine pollution

Noise pollution

Thermal pollution

Nuclear hazards

*Solid waste Management:* Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes, Role of an individual in prevention of pollution, Pollution case studies, Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides

### **Unit-IV**

*Social Issues and the Environment* - From Unsustainable to Sustainable development, Urban problems related to energy, Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management, Resettlement and rehabilitation of people: its problems and concerns, Case studies, Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions, Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies, Wasteland reclamation, Consumerism and waste products, Environment Protection Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act, Wildlife Protection Act, Forest Conservation Act, Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation, Public awareness.

#### *Human Population and the Environment*

Population growth, variation among nations, Population explosion- Family Welfare Programme, Environment and human health, Human Rights, Value Education, HIV/AIDS, Women and Child Welfare, Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health, Case Studies.

#### **Practicals**

Visit to river, forest, hill, mountain, local polluted plant, pond ecosystem

#### **Text Books/References**

1. K. C. Agarwal. (2001). Environmental Biology, Nidi Publications, Bikaner.
2. B. L. Chaudhary and Jitendra Pandey. (2005). Environmental Studies, Apex Publishing House, Udaipur.
3. H Jhadav & V. M. Bhosale. Environmental Protection & Laws, Himalaya Pub. House, Delhi.
4. M. N. Rao and A. K. Datta. Waste Water Treatment. Oxford & IBH Publ. Co. Pvt. Ltd.
5. B. K. Sharma. Environmental Chemistry. Goel Publishing House, Meerut.
6. Pratap Singh, N. S. Rathore and A. N. Mathur. (2004). Environmental Studies, Himanshu Publications, Udaipur.
7. R. K. Trivedi and P. K. Goel. Introduction to Air Pollution, Techno Science Publications.

## BS 100C ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2 + 1)

	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	2

### Unit-I

Sources of water, common impurities, requisites of drinking water in municipal water supply. Purification of water, sedimentation, sterilization, break point chlorination. Hardness, determination of hardness by Complexometric (EDTA) method, degree of hardness, chloride, dissolved oxygen, carbon dioxide and sulphate, control of pH of water used in industry, Boiler troubles, carry over corrosion, Sludge and scale formation. Caustic embrittlement, cause of boiler troubles and their prevention.

### Unit-II

Classification of fuels, solid fuels, coal origin and its classification, Proximate and ultimate analysis of coal, significance of constituents, Gross and net calorific values. Liquid fuels- advantages, Petroleum origin, classification, Refining of Petroleum, Gasoline, knocking, octane number, anti knock agents. Flue gas analysis by Orsat Apparatus, Calculations based on combustion.

### Unit-III

*Corrosion:* Definition and its significance, theories of corrosion, protection of corrosion use of inhibitors and passivation, Alloying protective coatings -Metallic, inorganic and Organic.

*Refractories:* Definition, Properties, Classification. Properties of Silica and Fireclay refractories.

### Unit-IV

*Chemical Kinetics-* Order and Molecularity of reaction, first and second order reaction, Derivation of equations for first and second order reaction, determination of order of reaction, Energy of activation and Arrhenius equations, Numericals of first and second order reactions.

### Practicals

1. Determination of viscosity of a liquid.
2. Determination Surface Tension of a liquid by Stalagmometer method.
3. Determination of carbonate and non carbonate hardness by soda reagent method.
4. Determination of temporary and permanent hardness by EDTA method.

5. Estimation of free chlorine in a water sample.
6. Determination of copper sulphate iodometrically.
7. Estimation of potassium dichromate iodometrically
8. Determination of purity of Ferrous Ammonium Sulphate (Mohr's Salt) using Potassium Permanganate.
9. Determination of Potassium Dichromate using Potassium Ferricyanide as an external indicator.
10. Estimation of available chlorine in bleaching powder sample
11. Analysis of Brass
12. Analysis of Iron ore
13. Analysis of Pyrolusite
14. Analysis of common salt.

### Text Books/References

1. Jain and Jain. Engineering Chemistry, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Nai Sarak, Delhi.
2. Jain and Gupta. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry, Jaipur Publishing House.
3. B.K. Sharma. Engg. Chemistry, Krishna Prakashan Media (P) Ltd., Merrut.
4. S.S. Dara. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry, S.Chand & Co., New Delhi.
5. M.A. Uppal. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry, Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
6. S.S. Dara. A Text Book on Experiments and Calculations Engg. Chem. Ram Nagar, Delhi.
7. S.K. Banerji and S.K. Jain. Hand Book of Technical Analysis, Jain Brothers, New Delhi.

## EC 100 ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATION

Cr. Hrs. 4 (3 + 1)

	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

### Unit-I

*Passive Components:* Construction and characteristics of carbon composition, wire wound and film resistors. Potentiometer, color codes and rating of resistors. Characteristics and rating of capacitors for electronics circuits.



Semi conductor: Basic electrical characteristics of semi conductors. Theory of p-n junction. Characteristics and ratings of junction diodes. Basics of Zener diode, photo diode and LED.

### **Unit-II**

Bipolar Junction Transistor: npn and pnp transistors, Various configurations (CB, CC, CE) of BJT. Transistor biasing (Fixed, self, potential dividers) Basic classification of amplifier (Voltage and power amplifier). Basic concept of Class A, B, AB and C amplifiers.

### **Unit-III**

*Generation of waveforms:* Concept of positive and negative feedback. Introduction of oscillators like R-C, L-C and Crystal oscillators.

Power supply: Circuit configuration and analysis of Half wave, Full wave and Bridge rectifier. Basic concept of regulation, Zener diode voltage regulator, Transistor series regulator.

### **Unit-IV**

*Transducers:* Definition, classification: Active and passive transducer, primary and secondary transducers, Analog and digital transducers. Measurement of displacement, temperature, velocity, force and pressure using potentiometer, resistance thermometer, thermocouples, Bourden tube, LVDT, strain gauge and transducer.

### **Practicals**

Based on theory

### **Text Books/References**

1. Millman and Halkias. Integrated electronics: Mc Graw Hill
2. W.D Cooper. Electronics Instrumentation and Measurement: PHI
3. M.L. Gupta. Electrical Engineering Materials
4. Malvino. Principles of Electronics
5. John D. Ryder. Electronics Fundamentals

## **CS 100 INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURE**

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3 + 1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### **Unit-I**

*Computer Fundamentals:* History of Computers; Organization of Computers: input unit, output unit, Storage Unit, Arithmetic Logic Unit, Central Processing Unit; CPU Operation; Memory Subsystem: RAM, ROM, Cache Memory & memory Hierarchy; Instruction Format and Instruction Execution Cycle; Number System & Codes: Binary, Decimal, Octal & Hexadecimal Number System, Conversion from one number system to another, sign magnitude, 1's Complement & 2's Complement representation of numbers; Numerical & Character codes: BCD, Excess-3, Gray, ASCII & EBCDIC Codes.

### **Unit-II**

*Basics of Programming in C:* Constants, Variables and Data Types, Operators and Expressions, Input and Output operations, Decision making & Branching: if-else, switch statement; Decision making and looping; Arrays.

### **Unit-III**

Character Arrays & strings, User defined function, Structures & Unions, Pointer Management, Dynamic Memory allocation & linked lists.

### **Unit-IV**

*Introduction to Data Structures:* Introduction to Linear Arrays & Representation of Linear Array in Memory, Traversing, Insertion & Deletion in Linear arrays, Bubble Sort, Linear & Binary search; Introduction to linked list – Representation of linked list in memory, Traversing, Searching, Insertion & Deletion in a linked list.

### **Practicals**

Based on Theory

### Text Books/References

1. E. Balagurusamy. "Programming in ANSI C", Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Kernighan and Ritchie. "The C Programming language", Printice Hall
3. P.M. Jat. "Programming with C", Apex Publishing House, Jaipur.
4. Dharm Singh. "Fundamentals of Compute Organization", Paragon International Publishers, New Delhi.
5. P.K. Sinha & P. Sinha. "Computer Fundamentals", BPB Publication.
6. Seymour Lipschutz. "Data Structure", Schaum's outline series, McGraw Hill.

### BS 100E ENGLISH AND COMMUNICATION SKILL

**Cr. Hrs. 2 (2 + 0)**

	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>
<b>Credit</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

#### (A) ENGLISH

*Grammar and Usage* – Tenses, Agreement of Subject and verb, Passive Voice, Basic Sentence Patterns, Prepositions, Phrasal verbs, Common Grammatical Errors, Use of articles, Punctuations, Modals, Gerund, Participle, Infinitive, Word Formation (affixes, prefixes, suffixes, synonyms and antonyms), Idioms, Synthesis & Transformation of sentences, Sentence Linkers.

*Comprehension* – Unseen Passage

*Composition* – Precise writing, Personal Letters, Business letters, Job Applications, Writing of technical Report, Essay writing

*Introduction to sounds* – Vowels, Diphthong, Consonants Phonetics Transcriptions. Word stress and exercises on pronunciation, Group discussion on current topics and Presentation of Technical report. Practice in Language Laboratory

#### (B) COMMUNICATION SKILL

*Communication Skills*: Meaning and process of communication, Verbal and non-verbal communication; Quality of good communicator; Writing skills, Group discussion; Organizing seminars and conferences.

### Text Books/ References

1. Thomson and Martinet. (1997). A Practical English Grammar Exercise Book, Vol. I and II, O.U.P. Publication.
2. Michal Swan. (1995). Practical English Grammar, O.U.P. Publication.
3. David Green. (1990). Contemporary English Grammar Structure Composition, Macmillan Publication.
4. S. Allen. (1997). Living English Structures, Orient Longmans.
5. Daniel Jones, Drills and Tests in English Sound, ELBS.
6. Hornby. (1990). Advanced Learners Dictionary, O.U.P. Publication.
7. Kirshan Mohan. Speaking English Effectively; Macmillan Publication.
8. Audio-Video Tapes prepared by the British Council, New Delhi and Central Institute of English and Foreign Language, Hyderabad to be used in a Language Laboratory.
9. A. Adivi Reddy. Extension Education, Sree Lakshmi Press, Bapatla (A.P.)
10. G.L. Ray. (2005). Extension Communication and Management, Kalyani Publishers.

## BS 121 MATHEMATICS – II

Cr. Hrs. 3 (3 + 0)

	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	0
Hours	3	0	0

**Unit-I**

*Differentiation of Vectors:* scalar and vector point functions, vector differential operator Del, Gradient of a scalar point function, Divergence and Curl of vector point functions; Directional derivatives; Line, Surface and Volume integrals; Gauss, Stoke's and Green theorems (Statement only) and their applications.

**Unit-II**

*Ordinary Differential Equations:* Second order differential equations with variable coefficients; Exact form; Part of complimentary function is known; Change of dependent and independent variables; Method of variation of parameters.

**Unit-III**

*Partial Differential Equations:* Formation of partial differential equations; Lagrange's linear equations; Higher order linear partial differential equations with constant coefficients. Standard forms of partial differential equations.

**Unit-IV**

*Matrices:* Elementary transformations; Rank of a matrix; Reduction to normal form; Gauss Jordan method to find inverse of a matrix; Consistency and solutions of linear equations; Eigen values and Eigen vectors; Cayley-Hamilton theorem.

**Text Books/References**

1. Y.N. Guar and C.L. Koul. (2005). Engineering Mathematics, (Vols.-I, II), Jaipur Publishing House, Jaipur.
2. J.L. Bansal and H.S. Dhami. (2005). Differential Equation, (Vols.-I), Jaipur Publishing House, Jaipur.
3. N.P. Bali and N.Ch.S.N. Iyengar. (2003). A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd, New Delhi.

Cr. Hrs. 2 (1 + 1)

	L	T	P
Credit	1	0	1
Hours	1	0	2

**(A) SURVEYING AND LEVELING****Unit-I**

Principle and purpose of plane surveying.

*Chain Surveying :* Instrument for chaining, Direct & indirect ranging. Methods of chain along plane & sloping ground, Base line, check line, Tie line, Offset, Chain angle & recording in field book.

*Compass Surveying :* True & Magnetic meridian, whole circle bearing & quadrantal bearing system, construction & use of Prismatic & Surveyor Compass, Local attraction.

**Unit-II**

*Level and leveling :* Definition of various terms used in leveling. Types of Bench mark and their uses. Construction and use of Dumpy and Tilting levels, Leveling staves. Temporary adjustment of Dumpy level. Simple, differential leveling, fly leveling, longitudinal and cross sectioning, plotting of profile leveling. Determination of level by line of collimation and rise and fall method, Arithmetical checks. Level book and record keeping, leveling difficulties and errors in leveling.

**(B) BUILDING MATERIAL****Unit-III**

*Stones:* Different types, properties of good building stones, common testing of stones, Dressing of stones and use of stones in construction.

*Bricks:* Types, raw materials, identification, composition. Properties and uses of ordinary bricks, fire resistant and chemical resistant bricks.

*Limes:* Definition, sources of lime, slaking of lime, ISI classification of lime.

**Unit-IV**

*Cement:* Chemical composition, types of cement, properties, uses and tests on cement.

*Mortars:* Proportioning, properties of ingredients and use of lime, cement and gauge mortars.

*Cement Concrete:* Ingredients, common proportions, properties of fresh hardened concrete, Water cement ratio, curing and consolidation of concrete.

### Practicals

1. Study of accessories used in measurement of distances.
2. Ranging Direct and indirect and use of chain and tape.
3. Chining along sloping ground.
4. Chain surveying, field book recording and taking offsets for location details
5. Study of prismatic and surveying compass and taking bearings..
6. Study of Dumpy level, temporary adjustment and R.L. calculations.
7. Study of Tilting level, temporary adjustment and R.L. calculations
8. Simply and differential leveling operation, record in level book, practice for staff reading line of collimation and Rise and fall method calculations.
9. L-section and cross sectioning, fly leveling operation.
10. Plotting of working profile.

### Text Books/References

1. S.C. Rangwala. Engineering Materials, Charotar Book Stall, Anand.
2. B.C. Punmiya. Surveying & Field Work (Vol. I), Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.

## ME 123 MACHINE DRAWING – I

**Cr. Hrs. 1 (0 + 1)**

	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>
<b>Credit</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>

Introduction, conventional representation of different materials used in machine drawing, Introduction to BIS codes.

*Orthographic Projection:* First and third angle methods of projection. Preparation of working drawing from models and isometric views. Drawing of missing views.

*Dimensioning:* Different methods of dimensioning.

*Sectional Views:* Concept of sectioning. Revolved and oblique section. Sectional drawing of simple machine parts

*Riveted and Welded Joints:* Types of rivet heads and riveted joints. Processes for producing leak proof joints. Symbols for different types of welded joints.

*Screw Fastenings:* Nomenclature, thread profiles, multistart threads, left and right hand threads. Square headed and hexagonal nuts and bolts. Conventional representation of threads. Different types of lock nuts, studs, machine screws, cap screws and wood screws. Foundation bolts.

*Different types of joints:* Knuckle joint, cotter joint and universal joint.

### Text Books/References

1. N. D. Bhatt. Machine Drawing, Charotar Book Stall, Anand.
2. V. Laxminarayan and ML Mathur. A Text Book of Machine Drawing, Jain Brothers, New Delhi.
3. P. S. Gill. Machine Drawing: S. K. Kataria & Sons, New Delhi.

## ME 124 WORKSHOP TECHNOLOGY

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2 + 1)

	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	3

### Unit-I

*Welding:* Introduction to welding, types of welding. Oxyacetylene gas welding, types of flames, welding techniques and equipment. Principle of arc welding, equipment and tools. Soldering and Brazing.

### Unit-II

*Lathes:* Classification, constructional details of centre lathe. Main operations and tools used on centre lathes.

*Shaper:* Types of shapers. Constructional details of standard shaper, shaper tools and main operations.

### Unit-III

*Drilling Machines:* Types of drilling machines. Constructional details of pillar type, and radial drilling machines. Main operations. Twist drills, drill angles and sizes.

Measurement and Inspection: Classification of measuring instruments, linear and angular measurement, comparators.

### Unit-IV

*Forming:* Basic descriptions and applications of hot and cold working processes, forging, bending, shearing, drawing and forming operations.

Foundry: Moulding tools and equipments. Moulding sands, properties of moulding sand, sand mould making process.

### Practicals

Practical exercises on welding, pattern making, foundry and machining operations.

### Text Books/References

1. S.K. Hajra Choudhury and A.K. Hajra Choudhury. Elements of Workshop Technology (Vol. I and II), Media promoters & Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Bombay.

## SECOND YEAR B.TECH. (III SEMESTER)

### BS 211 (All Branches) MATHEMATICS-III

Cr. Hrs. 3 (3+0)

	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	0
Hours	3	0	0

### Unit-I

*Interpolation:* Finite differences, various difference operators and their relationships, factorial notation. Interpolation with equal intervals; Newton's forward and backward interpolation formulae, Lagrange's interpolation formula for unequal intervals.

### Unit-II

Gauss forward and backward interpolation formulae, Stirling's and Bessel's central difference interpolation formulae.

*Numerical Differentiation:* Numerical differentiation based on Newton's forward and backward, Gauss forward and backward interpolation formulae.

### Unit-III

*Numerical Integration:* Numerical integration by Trapezoidal, Simpson's rule.

*Numerical Solutions of Ordinary Differential Equations:* Picard's method, Taylor's series method, Euler's method, modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta methods.

### Unit-IV

*Laplace Transform:* Laplace transforms of elementary functions; Basic properties of Laplace transform; Initial value theorem, final value theorem and convolution property of Laplace transform; Inverse Laplace transforms. Applications of Laplace transform to solve ordinary differential equations.

### Suggested Books & References

1. H.C. Saxena, 'Text Book of Finite Differences and Numerical Analysis', S. Chand and Co.
2. M.K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyengar and R.K. Jain, 'Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering computation', New Age International (P) Ltd.
3. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, 'A Text book of Engineering Mathematics', Laxmi Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (VII Edition).
4. S.P. Goyal and A.K. Goyal, 'Integral Transforms', Jaipur Publishing House, Jaipur.

## CE 211 (CE, AE, EE, MI) STRENGTH OF MATERIAL

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)**

**L T P**

**Credit 2 0 1**

**Hours 2 1 2**

### **Unit-I**

*Fundamentals* : Stress and strain, engineering properties, Saint-Venant's Principle. Stress strain diagrams, mechanical properties of materials, elasticity and plasticity. Shear stress and strain, pure shear, complementary shear. Linear elasticity and Hooke's law. Poisson's ratio, volumetric strain, bulk modulus of elasticity. Elastic constants and relation between elastic moduli. Stress and strain in axially loaded members. Temperature stresses and effects.

### **Unit-II**

*Analysis of Stress and Strain* : Stress at a point, stress components. Stresses on inclined planes. Plane stress and strain. Mohr's circle representation of plain stress and strain. Principle stresses and strains, maximum shear stresses. Hooke's law for plain stress.

Stresses in thin cylinder and special shells subjected to internal & external pressures.

### **Unit-III**

*Beam under Flexural Loads* : Bending moment and shear force, relation between load, Shear force and bending moment. Bending moment and shear force diagrams for simply supported, Cantilever and overhang beams under static loading of different types viz. point loads, Uniformly distributed loads, linearly varying loads, Pure bending. Theory of simple bending of initially straight beams. Flexural stresses in beams. Built up and composite beams. Shear stresses in beams of Rectangular, Circular and I-section. Shear formula, effect of shear strain.

### **Unit-IV**

*Torsion*: Torsion of solid and hollow circular shafts. Non-uniform torsion.

*Columns*: Buckling and stability, critical load. Euler's theory for initially straight column with different end conditions, equivalent length, Limitation of Euler's formula. Rankine's formula. Column under eccentric loading. Secant, Perry's and Indian standard Formulae.

## **Practicals**

1. Study of Universal Testing Machine, its part and functions.
2. Operation of U.T.M, fixing of specimen for different testing.
3. Tensile test on mild steel specimen to failure and computing, Stresses, % elongation, Contraction etc.
4. Compression test on timber.
5. Compression test on mild steel.
6. Compression test on concrete cube.
7. Determination of toughness test of mild steel, Brass and Aluminum by Charpy test.
8. Determination of toughness by Izod test for wood, Aluminum & Brass.
9. Study of torsion testing machine.
10. Performance of torsion test on circular shaft specimen.
11. Bending test on wooden beam and determination of modulus of rupture.
12. Deflection test on wooden beam.

## **Suggested Books & References**

1. Junarkar S.B. and Shah H.J., 'Mechanics of Structures' Vol.-I Charoter Publishing, Anand.
2. Punima B.C., 'Strength of Materials and Mechanics of Structures', Vol-I, Standard Publisher distributors, New Delhi.
3. Fedinard L., 'Strength of Materials', Singer & Andrew Pytel'.
4. Fenner, 'Mechanics of Solids'.
5. Davis H. E, Trophell, G.E. & Hanck, G.F.W., 'The Testing of Engineering Materials', McGraw Hill.
6. Timoshenko, S.P. & Young, D.H., 'Strength of Materials', East West Press Limited.

## CE 212 FLUID MECHANICS

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### Unit-I

*Fluids:* Definition, Ideal fluids, real fluids. Newtonian and non-newtonian fluids.

*Properties of Fluids:* Units of measurement, Mass density, Specific weight, Specific volume, Specific Gravity. Surface tension and Capillary. Compressibility and Elasticity.

*Hydro-Statics:* Pressure at a point in a static fluid (pressure variation in compressible static fluid; atmospheric pressure). Gauge pressure, vacuum pressure, absolute pressure, Manometers, Bourdon pressure gauge.

### Unit- II

Forces acting on immersed plane surface. Centre of pressure, forces on curved surfaces.

*Buoyancy:* Conditions of equilibrium of floating bodies, meta-centre and metacentric height.

### Unit- III

*Hydro-Kinematics:* Types of Flows: Steady and unsteady, uniform and non-uniform, stream lines, path lines, stream tubes, principles of conservation of mass, equation of continuity, acceleration of fluid particles local and connective. Rotational and irrotational motions, velocity potential and stream function.

*Dynamics of Fluid Flow:* Euler's equations of motion in Cartesian co-ordinate and its integration, Bernoulli's equation for incompressible fluids, assumptions in Bernoulli's equation, Energy correction factor.

*Application of Energy Equation:* Application of energy equation for simple problem, pitot tube, orifice meter and venturi meter,

### Unit IV

*Momentum Equation:* Development of momentum equation by control volume concept, Momentum correction factor.

*Application of Momentum Equation:* Application of momentum equation for simple problem, Force on a pipe bend.

*Elementary concept of Boundary Layer.*

Force on immersed bodies, drag and lift force, drag and lift coefficients.

## Practicals

1. Flow through Orifice (Determination of Hydraulic Co-efficient): Constant Head Method.
2. Flow through Triangular Notch (Calibration).
3. Flow through Rectangular Notch (Calibration).
4. Flow through Venturimeter (Calibration).
5. Flow through Orifice Meter (Calibration).
6. Determination of Metacentric height of floating bodies.
7. To verify the momentum equation

## Suggested Books & References

1. H.M. Raghunath, 'Fluid Mechanics'.
2. P.N. Modi & S.M. Seth, 'Hydraulics & Fluid Mechanics'.
3. K.R. Arora, 'Fluid mechanics, Hydraulics & Hydraulic Machines'.
4. Garde & Mirajgaokar, 'Fluid Mechanics'.
5. R.K.Bansal, 'Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machines', Laxmi Publication (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

## CE 213 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### Unit-I

*Building:* Components of a building & their function.

*Foundation:* Objectives, shallow foundation, grillage, raft, inverted arches, pile foundation. Causes of failure of foundation & remedial measures.

*Dewatering:* Dewatering of the foundation trenches (Pumping providing sumps & side drains, cement grouting chemical grouting).

### Unit-II

*Damp Proofing:* Objective, materials used for damp proofing. General principles of damp proofing methods.

**Stone Masonry:** Materials required for stone masonry, Types of stone masonry (rubble & Ashlar masonry), Essentials of good stone masonry.  
**Brick Masonry:** Types of brick masonry, English and Flemish bond (for 1 and 1 ½ bricks), Essentials of good brick masonry.

### Unit-III

**Shoring, Underpinning and Scaffolding:** Horizontal & vertical shores. Purpose and methods of under- pinning. Different types of scaffolding.

**Floors:** Various Types (stone patti, timber and R.C.C. floors), details of construction. Floor finishes (Lime, Cement concrete, terrazzo, marble and P.V.C. tiles).

**Roofs:** Simple roof trusses, lean to verandah roof, king post roof truss, queen post roof truss, North light truss.

### Unit-IV

**Timber:** Defects in timber, properties of good quality timber and their uses. Decay of timber, preservation of timber. Laminates and composites.

**Doors:** Paneled door, Glazed door, Flush door, Collapsible steel door, Rolling steel shutter door.

**Windows:** Casement windows, Sash window, Skylight window.

**Staircase:** Dog-legged Staircase, Requirement of a good Staircase. Proportioning rules of a Staircase.

### Practicals

1. Visiting of various construction sites.
2. To the scale sketching would be done in the sketch book by hand.
3. The final drawings would be drafted using Drawing instruments. Detailing of parts would be done as per standard professional practice and relevant IS codes.
4. Report of a site visit shall be prepared mentioning functional arrangement of various parts of the building.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Rangwala, S.C., 'Engineering Materials', Charotar Book Stall, Anand.
2. Arora, S.P. and Bindra, 'Building Construction', Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi.
3. Awaasthy, S.N., 'Building Construction', Publishing House, Bhopal.

## CE 214 COMPUTER AIDED DRAWING

**Cr. Hrs. 1 (0+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	0	0	1
<b>Hours</b>	0	0	2

Introduction to Computer Aided Drafting using popular software like AutoCad. Drawing entities. Drawing, modifying, viewing, printing and dimensioning commands. Drawing aids, coordinates systems, layers, hatching, etc. Blocks. Simple 2-D drawing and dimensioning exercises.

### Suggested Books & References

1. AutoCad Reference Manual.
2. George Omura, 'Mastering AutoCad'.

## IT 215 (CE) PRINCIPLES OF OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	2	0	1
<b>Hours</b>	2	0	2

### Unit-I

**OOP Fundamentals:** Concept of class and object, attributes, public private and protected members, derived classes, single & multiple inheritance.

**Programming in C++:** Enhancements in C++ over C in data types operators and functions.

### Unit-II

Program structure, Functions. cin, cout, iomanip.h, for, while, do-while loops. If, if-else, nested if-else, switch, logical and, or and not operators, break, continue, goto and exit statement, functions, declarations, definitions, returns. Parameters by values, by reference, default arguments.

### Unit-III

Inline functions, Automatic, external, static, variables. Constructors and destructors. Objects and Memory allocations, const and classes, Objects as arguments to functions. Arrays and strings. Friend function, function and operator overloading.



#### Unit-IV

Working with class and derived classes, Single, multiple and multilevel inheritances and their combinations, virtual functions, pointers to objects, Input-output flags and formatting operations.

**Practicals:** As per theory syllabus.

#### Suggested Books & References

1. C Gottfried, 'Programming in C', Schaum Series
2. E. Balaguruswamy, 'Programming in C'.
3. Balaguruswamy, 'Object Oriented Programming in C++'.

### MI 217 (CE) ENGINEERING GEOLOGY

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)

	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	2

#### Unit-I

*General Geology:* Subdivision of Geology. Importance of Geology in Civil Engineering. Internal Structure of the Earth, physical properties of minerals, weathering and erosion. Geological work of wind, river and ocean. Stratigraphic aspects of rocks for civil engineers. Geological Time Scale, rock provinces.

#### Unit-II

*Petrology:* Origin & classification of rocks. Texture & Structures of Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic Rocks. Engineering Properties of rocks. Rocks and dimensional stones as a construction material. Suitability of rocks for different Civil Engineering purposes.

*Structural Geology:* Causes & Classification of fold, fault, joints & unconformities. Outcrop pattern. Recognition of structure from rock outcrops.

#### Unit- III

*Natural Disasters and Geological Investigations (in reference to Civil Engineering):* Earthquake, its causes, intensity scale and seismic zone of India. Site selection for dam, tunnels, multistoried buildings, reservoirs and bridge structures.

*Improvement Techniques:* Sites improvement techniques practiced in different civil engineering projects. Introduction to drilling methods.

#### Unit-IV

*Geophysical Methods for Subsurface Exploration:* Electrical resistivity, Seismic refraction & Ground Penetrating Radar method of civil engineering importance.

*Remote Sensing:* Introduction and applications in Civil Engineering. Image acquisition, image interpretation (visual and digital, digital terrain model, airborne lithological identification). Remote sensing software used in civil engineering interpretation.

#### Practicals

1. Identification of Minerals for a given specimen.
2. Identification of Rocks in a given specimen.
3. Identification of Geological features through wooden Models.
4. Structural Geological Models.
5. Petrological Models.
6. Engineering Geological Models.
7. Interpretation of Geological Map.
8. Plotting of Geological section of project site.
9. Plotting of concealed rocks and their trend with the help of outcrop pattern of project site.
10. Three point problem.
11. Dip & Strike Problems.
12. Stereo-Net Plotting.
13. Air Photo interpretation.
14. Satellite imageries interpretation.
15. Electrical resistivity exercise.

#### Suggested Books & References

1. Goodman, R. E., 'Engineering Geology - Rock in Engineering Construction', John Wiley and Sons.
2. Parbin Singh, 'Text Book Engineering Geology'.
3. Blyth, F.G. and De Freitas, M.H., 'A Geology for Engineers', (7th Edition), Edward Arnold.
4. N.Chenna Kesavulu, 'Text Book of Engineering Geology'.
5. Leggot R.F., 'Geology for Engineers'.
6. Kryinine & Judd, 'Engineering Geology and Geo-techniques'.
7. John Pitts, 'Manual of Geology for Civil Engineers'.
8. Tony Waltham, 'Foundations of Engineering Geology'.

## SECOND YEAR B.TECH. (IV SEMESTER)

### CE 221 STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)

	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

#### Unit-I

*Deflection of Beams:* Differential relation between load, shear force, bending moment, slope and deflection. Slope & deflection in determinate beams using double integration method, Macaulay's method, area moment method and conjugate beam method.

#### Unit-II

*Propped Cantilever Beam:* Analysis of propped cantilever beam.

*Fixed Beams & Continuous Beams:* Analysis of fixed beams & continuous beams by three moment theorem.

*Springs:* Stiffness of springs, close coiled helical springs, springs in series and parallel. Laminated plate springs.

#### Unit-III

*Theories of Failures:* Concepts of maximum principal stress theory, maximum principal strain theory, maximum shear stress theory, maximum strain energy theory and maximum shear strain energy theory.

*Reciprocal Theorem:* Maxwell's reciprocal theorem. Betti's theorem.

*Space Frames:* Analysis of determinate space frames by tension coefficient method.

#### Unit-IV

*Introduction to Energy Methods:* Strain energy due to bending, shear and torsion. Castiglione's first theorem, Unit load method and deflection of determinate beams & frames.

#### Practicals

1. Bending test on wooden beam and determination of modulus of rupture.
2. Deflection test on wooden beam.
3. Stiffness of open coiled helical spring.

4. Stiffness of close coiled helical spring.
5. Deflection test on laminated plate spring.
6. Determination of the reaction of beam by graphical method.
7. Analysis of a truss by graphical method.
8. Other practical exercises based on course syllabus.
9. Numerical problems based on theory syllabus.

#### Suggested Books & References

1. Fedinard L. Singer & Andrew Pytel, "Strength of Materials".
2. Fenner, "Mechanics of Solids".
3. Punamia B.C. "Strength of Material & Mechanics of Structures".
4. Junarkar, "Mechanics of structures vol. I & II".

### CE 222 HYDRAULICS & HYDRAULIC MACHINES

Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)

	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

#### Unit-I

*Flow in Pipes:* Laminar flow, Reynolds experiment, transition from laminar to turbulent flow. Turbulent Flow (Laws of fluid friction factor, loss of head due to friction and other causes). Hydraulic gradient total energy line, Chezy's and Mannings's formula. Flow through parallel pipes and pipes in series. Power transmission through pipe, condition for maximum power. Elementary water hammer concept.

#### Unit- II

*Flow Through Open Channels:* Steady and uniform flow in open channel, Discharge formulae of Chezy, Manning and Bazin. Most economic section for rectangular, trapezoidal and circular channels. Non-Uniform Flow in open channel. Specific energy of flow. Alternate depths. Critical depth in prismatic channels. Rapid, critical and sub critical flow. Mild, steep and critical slopes. Classification of surface curves in prismatic channels and elementary computation.

*Hydraulic jump:* Hydraulic jump in rectangular channels, conjugate or sequent depths.

### ***Unit- III***

*Laminar Flow:* Relation between shear & pressure gradient. Flow between plates & pipes. Equations for velocity distribution, and shear distribution, pressure difference.

*Turbulent Flow in Pipes:* Theories of Turbulence, Nikuradse's Experiments Hydro-dynamically smooth & rough boundaries, Laminar sublayer, Equations of velocity distribution and friction coefficient, Stanton Diagram, Moody's diagram.

### ***Unit-IV***

*Impact of Free Jets:* Impact of a jet on a flat or a curved vane, moving and stationary vane.

*Centrifugal Pumps and Reciprocating pumps:* Elementary concept of single and multistage pumps, Efficiencies, Specific speed, characteristic curves.

*Turbines:* Reaction and Impulse turbines, specific speed, Mixed flow turbines, Elementary concept of Pelton wheel turbine, Francis turbine, Propeller turbine and Kaplan turbine. Efficiency & characteristics of turbines.

### **Practicals**

1. To determine the minor losses.
2. Flow through Pipes (Determination of co-efficient of friction).
3. To Reynolds apparatus (Determination of Reynolds Number).
4. To determine Manning's roughness co-efficient
5. To Determine Chezy's coefficient of roughness for the bed of a given flume.
6. To plot characteristics curve of Pelton Wheel.
7. To plot characteristics curve of Centrifugal Pump.

### **Suggested Books & References**

1. Modi & Seth, 'Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machines.
2. Dr. K.R. Arora, 'Fluid Mechanics, Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machines.
3. H.M. Raghunath, 'Fluid Mechanics.

4. Dr. R. K. Bansal, 'Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machines', Laxmi Publication (P) Ltd., New Delhi

## CE 223 BUILDING PLANNING AND DESIGN

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### **Unit -I**

*Introduction:* Type of building, criteria for site selection, site plan.

*Planning of Building:* Planning, regulations and bylaws. Regulation regarding: lines of building frontages, built up area of buildings, open space around buildings and their heights, provision to size, height and ventilation of rooms and apartments and sanitary provisions.

*Principal of Planning:* Factors affecting planning (aspect, prospect, privacy, grouping, roominess, furniture requirement, sanitation, flexibility, circulation, elegance, economy etc).

### **Unit-II**

*Functional Requirements:* Functional requirement of a building and its components. Structural component of a building.

*Orientation of Buildings:* Factors affecting orientation, orientation criteria under Indian condition. Sun diagram and relevant details.

*Ventilation in Buildings:* Necessity of ventilation, factors affecting ventilation. Functional requirements of a good ventilation system, systems of ventilation.

### **Unit -III**

*Air Conditioning of Buildings:* Purpose, classification, principle and systems of air conditioning.

*Thermal Insulation of Buildings:* Objectives, advantages, general principle and method of thermal insulation.

*Energy Efficient Buildings:* Concepts of Energy Efficient Buildings.

### **Unit -IV**

*Acoustic:* Definition, velocity, frequency, intensity & reflection of sound, reverberation, absorption of sound, Sabine's equation. Types of absorbent material. Noise & its effect. Types & transmission of noise. Sound insulation of walls & floors.

*Fire Protection in Building:* General, causes & effect of fire. Characteristics of fire resisting material. Fire resisting properties of common building material. General rules for fire resisting buildings. Concept of strong room construction.

**Practicals:** As per theory syllabus.

### **Suggested Books & References**

- 1 Rangwala, S.C., 'Engineering Materials', Charotar Book Stall, Anand.
- 2 Arora, S.P. and Bindra, 'Building Construction', Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi.
- 3 Awaasthy, S.N., 'Building Construction', Publishing House, Bhopal

## CE 224 CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### **Unit-I**

*Cement:* Constituents of cement and their role, composition of cement (Bogue's equation) hydration of cement, structure of hydrated cement, heat of hydration. Tests of cement as per IS code.

*Aggregates:* Classification, properties and grading of aggregates. Tests on aggregates as per IS code.

*Admixture in Concrete:* Chemical and mineral admixtures (their types and use under different conditions). Use of fly ash and silica fume in concrete.

### **Unit-II**

*Concrete:* Grade of concrete, proportioning of ingredients, water content and its quality for concrete, water/cement ratio and its role.

*Concrete Mix Design:* Controlling factors and Design of mix by IS method.

*Properties of Fresh Concrete:* workability, air content, flowability, factors affecting and methods to determine these properties. Standard tests on fresh concrete as per IS code. Acceptance Criteria. Quality control for concrete.

### **Unit-III**

*Properties of Hardened Concrete:* Strength, permeability, creep and shrinkage, factors influencing these properties. Standard tests on fresh and hardened concrete as per IS code.

*Concrete Handling in Field:* Introduction to mixing & batching methods, placing, transportation, compaction and curing methods.

*Form Work:* Requirements, loads on formwork, type & method to provide centering and shuttering for volumes, beams, slabs, walls and staircase, slip and moving formwork, Indian standard on formwork.

#### Unit-IV

*High Strength Concrete:* Production, properties & application.

*Special Concretes:* Introduction to: High performance Concrete, Light weight concrete, High density concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, Polymer concrete composites, Self Compacting Concrete – Ready mix concrete.

#### Practicals

1. To determine the percentage of water required to prepare a cement paste of standard consistency.
2. To determine the Initial Setting Time for a cement sample.
3. To determine the specific gravity and void ratio for a cement sample.
4. To determine the compressive strength for a cement sample.
5. To determine the specific gravity and void ratio for a sample of (i) Fine aggregate (ii) Coarse aggregate.
6. To determine the bulking of sand for varying water content.
7. To determine the Fine modulus and Grading for a sample of (i) Fine aggregate (ii) Coarse aggregate.
8. To determine characteristics compressive strength of concrete with varying water cement ratio.
9. To determine Slump and Compaction factor of concrete.
10. To determine the modulus of rupture of concrete and relation with its compressive strength.
11. To determine the effect of compaction and curing on compressive strength of concrete.
12. To determine the effect of quantity of fine aggregate on compressive strength of concrete.
13. To design a concrete mix using I.S. method.

#### Suggested Books & References

1. Shetty M.S. "Concrete Technology"
2. Mehta PK & Monteriro P.J.M., "Concrete Microstructure, Properties and Materials".
3. Neville A M. & Brooks J.J. "Concrete Technology".

Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)

	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

#### Unit-I

*Measurement of Distances:* Plan and Maps (selection of scale), Error in chaining/tape and various precautions. Corrections to tape measurements. Degree of accuracy in chaining/tape. Field problems in distance measurement. Obstacle to ranging & chaining. Accuracy & errors (sources, kinds & law of probability).

*Measurement of Angle & Direction:* Reference meridians, bearing and azimuths, magnetic declination and its variation.

#### Unit-II

*Traversing:* Chain, compass traversing, open traverse, close traverse, closing error and magnitude of closing error. Graphical adjustment of close traverse.

*Area Calculation:* Area of regular boundaries by mathematical formulae, use of trapezoidal & Simpsons formula, their limitations. Planimeter (construction, use & area calculations), use of zero circle & solution of numerical problems.

#### Unit-III

*Theodolite surveying :* Details of transit theodolite, definition & terms, temporary adjustment of and permanent adjustment of vernier theodolite. Measurement of horizontal and vertical angle. Application of theodolite in field problems. Sources of error in the theodolite work & procedure to eliminate/minimize the errors.

#### Unit-IV

*Leveling:* Definitions of various terms in leveling. Types of leveling, sources of errors in leveling. Curvature and refraction corrections. Temporary and permanent adjustment of dumpy & tilting levels. Computation of levels. Profile leveling (L-Section and cross-sections). Special method of spirit leveling, differential leveling.

*Plane Table Surveying:* Elements of plane table survey, working operations. Methods of plane table survey (intersection, radiation, traversing and resection). Two point and three point problems by Lehmann's method.

### Practicals

1. Obstacle to chain Surveying & procedure to overcome them.
2. Adjustment of closing error by graphical method.
3. Study of various levels and their temporary adjustments.
4. Permanent adjustment of dumpy level.
5. Reduced level calculations obtained from dumpy level.
6. Setting up of plane table, use of various accessories and practice for orientation and change of point.
7. Radiation method of plane tabling.
8. Intersection method of plane tabling.
9. Two point problem and its solution.
10. Three point problem (Lehmann's method) and its solution.
11. Study of theodolite and its temporary adjustment.
12. Measurement of horizontal angle with the help of repetition method.
13. Measurement of horizontal angle with the help of reiteration method.
14. Measurement of vertical angle with the help of theodolite.
15. Use of planimeter and determine its constants. Calculation of areas of irregular boundaries

### Suggested Books & References

1. Arora K. R., 'Surveying', Vol. I & II.
2. Punmia B.C., 'Surveying' Vol. I & II.
3. Clendinning and Oliver, 'Principles and use of surveying instruments'.
4. Kanetkar T. P., 'Surveying and leveling', Vol. I & II.
5. Duggal S. K., 'Text book-Surveying', Vol. I & II.

## CE 226 DISASTER MANAGEMENT

**Cr. Hrs. 2 (1+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### Unit- I

Definition of Disasters/Hazards, Types of Disasters: Natural and Manmade Disasters.

Introduction to Tsunami, Flood and Cyclone disasters. Mitigation, Prevention, Preparedness, Response, Rehabilitation and Recovery of these disasters.

### Unit- II

Introduction to Landslide, Nuclear, Chemical and Fire disasters. Mitigation, Prevention, Preparedness, Response, Rehabilitation and Recovery of these disasters.

### Unit- III

*Earthquakes:* Earthquake terminology, Earthquake Magnitude & Intensity and their measuring scales, Occurrence of earthquakes : Plate tectonic theory.

*Effect of earthquake on structures* Planning/architectural concepts, Earthquake resistant practices/features.

### Unit- IV

Vulnerability of Indian continent to different types of disasters.

*Various Case studies:* Case study of Bhuj Earthquake (2001), Case of study Bhopal Gas Tragedy (1984), Case study of Tsunami in Indian Continent (2006), Case study of Japan Nuclear Tragedy (2011).

**Assignments/Practicals:** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. G.K. Ghosh , "Disaster Management", A.P.H. Publishing Corporation.
2. B Narayan , "Disaster Management", A.P.H. Publishing Corporation.
3. Nikuj Kumar , "Disaster Management", Alfa Publications.
4. Day R.W. (2002). Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering Handbook, McGraw-Hill Handbooks, New york.

## CE 227 BUILDING DRAWING

Cr. Hrs. 1 (0+1)

	L	T	P
Credit	0	0	1
Hours	0	0	2

Blue print reading.

Detailed drawings for doors, windows, rolling shutters and collapsible gates.

Detailed Drawings (Plan, Elevation and section for the following);

Simple residential buildings, office & institutional building with flat roof.

Dispensary – Provision for Handicapped people.

Workshop – Trussed roof.

Planning, design and detailed drawings of staircase.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Singh, Gurucharan, 'Building Drawing'.
2. Shah, M. G., 'Building Drawing'.

## THIRD YEAR B.TECH. (V SEMESTER)

### CE 311 THEORY OF STRUCTURES-I

Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)

	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

#### Unit-I

*Static and Kinematic Indeterminacy:* Static and kinematic indeterminacy (beam, frames: with & without sway), Introduction of Indeterminate structures.

*Slope Deflection Method:* Analysis of continuous beams and portal frames (without inclined members).

#### Unit-II

*Moment Distribution Method:* Analysis of continuous beams and portal frames (with and without sway).

#### Unit-III

*Energy Methods:* Castigliano's second theorem. Principle of minimum strain energy. Application to frames with one and two redundant members. Trussed beam, portal frames.

#### Unit-IV

*Approximate Analysis:* Analysis of multi storey frames by approximate methods: Portal and Cantilever method.

### Practicals

1. Analysis of a portal frame by slope deflection method.
2. Analysis of a portal frame by moment distribution method.
3. Application of Castigliano's II theorem to frames with one redundant member.
4. Analysis of multistory frames by portal method.
5. Analysis of multistory frames by cantilever method.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Junarkar, 'Mechanics of Structures', Vol II.
2. Punmia, B.C., 'Strength of materials and theory of structures', Vol –II.
3. Vazirani & Ratwani, 'Analysis of Structures', Vol. II

## CE 312 DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES-I

	<b>Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)</b>		
	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### Unit-I

*Design Philosophies:* Introduction to Working stress, ultimate load and limit state methods.

*Analysis and Design of Flexural Members* (Using limit state design method):

*Rectangular sections:* Singly and doubly reinforced.

*T section:* Singly reinforced.

### Unit-II

*Shear and Bond:* Behaviour of beams in shear and bond, design for shear, anchorage curtailment and splicing of reinforcement, detailing of reinforcement.

*Torsion:* I.S. code provisions for torsion in beams.

*Serviceability Conditions:* I.S. code provisions for limit states of deflection and cracking.

*Slabs, Lintels:* Design of one way and two way slabs, design of lintels and introduction of flat slab.

### Unit-III

*Design of Columns:* Short and long columns, eccentrically loaded columns (uni-axial).

*Column Footings:* Isolated column footing and combined footing for two columns (without central beam).

### Unit-IV

*Staircases:* Design of dog-legged staircases.

*Cantilever Retaining Walls:* Design of cantilever type retaining walls & introduction to counter-fort retaining wall.

**Note:** The use of IS 456:2000, SP16 shall be allowed in the examination.

### Practicals

1. Design of Flexural Members
2. Design of Lintels
3. Design of slabs (one way and two way).
4. Design of columns and its footings.
5. Design of dog-legged staircase.
6. Design of cantilever type retaining walls.
7. Site visits for structural arrangement of members.

### Note :

- To the scale sketching would be done in the sketch book by hand and then the drawings would be drafted using Drafting Package/ Auto Cad.
- Detailing of parts would be done as per standard professional practice and relevant IS codes.
- Emphasis would be given on structural detailing of various members as per relevant codal provisions.
- Report of a site visit shall be prepared mentioning structural arrangement of members.

### Suggested Text Books & References

1. Jain A.K., 'Reinforced Concrete-Limit State Design', Nem Chand & Bros. Roorkee.
2. Krishna J. and Jain O.P., 'Plain and Reinforced Concrete, Vol. I. New Chand & Bros. Roorkee.
3. Dayaratnam P., 'Reinforced Concrete Structures', Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
4. Punamia B.C., 'Limit State Design of Reinforced Concrete', Laxmi Publication Pvt. Ltd.
5. Pillai and Menon, 'Reinforced Concrete Design ', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
6. Nilson A. II and George Winter, 'Design of Concrete Structures' McGraw Hill Book Co 10th Ed.
7. Park R and Pauley T., 'Reinforced Concrete Structures', John Wiley and Sons.
8. 'Design Aids for Reinforced Concrete-to I.S.-456: SP-16', Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi.



	<b>Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)</b>		
	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

**Unit- I**

*Fundamental Definitions & Relationship:* Soil and soil mass constituents, Water content, specific gravity, void ratio, porosity, degree of saturation, air void and air content, unit weights, density index. Interrelationship of these terms.

*Index Properties:* Determination of index properties of soil, water content, specific gravity, particle size distribution, sieve and sedimentation analysis, consistency limits, void ratio and density index.

**Unit- II**

*Soil Classification:* Classification of soil for general engineering purposes, particle size, textural H.R.B. Unified and I.S. Classification systems.

*Flow through Soils:* Soil water absorbed capillary and free water, Darcy's law of permeability of soil and its determination in laboratory: Field pumping out tests, factors affecting permeability, permeability of stratified soil masses.

*Seepage:* Seepage pressure, Laplace's equation for seepage. Flownet and its construction. Uplift pressure, piping, principle of drainage by Electro Osmosis, pheritic line.

**Unit- III**

*Stresses in Soil Mass:* Total effective and neutral pressure, calculation of stresses. Influence of water table on effective stress, quicksand phenomenon.

*Shear Strength of Soils:* Mohr's circle of stress, shearing strength of soil, parameters of shear strength, Coulomb's failure envelope, determination of shear parameters by Direct Shear Box. Triaxial and unconfined compression test apparatuses.

**Unit- IV**

*Soil Compaction:* Principles of soil compaction, laboratory compaction tests, Proctor's test, Modified Proctor tests, Measurement of field compaction, field methods of compaction and its control, dry and wet of optimum. Factors affecting compaction.

*Soil Stabilization:* Soil stabilization, Mechanical Stabilization, Stabilization with cement, Lime and bitumen.

## Practicals

1. Determination of Moisture Content of a given sample of soil.
2. Determination of Specific Gravity & Relative Density for a given sample of soil.
3. Field Density Test on a given sample of soil.
4. Determination of Sieve Analysis for a given sample of Coarse Grained soil.
5. Determination of Consistency Limits and Indices for a given sample of soil.
6. Standard Proctor's Compaction Test on a given sample of soil.
7. Permeability Test on a given sample of soil.
8. Unconfined Compression Test for a given sample of Cohesive Soil.
9. Determination of Vane Shear Strength for a given sample of Cohesive Soil.
10. Direct Shear Test on for a given sample Sand.
11. Triaxial Compression Test on a given sample soil.

## Suggested Books & References

1. Punmia, B.C., 'Soil Mechanics and Foundations'.
2. Ranjan G. & Rao, 'Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics'.
3. Singh Alam, 'Soil Engineering in Theory and Practice'.
4. Arora, K.R., 'Soil Mechanics & Foundation Engineering'.
5. Gulhati, Shashi K & Datta Manoj, 'Geotechnical Engineering Principles and Practices', Pearson Education Ltd.
6. Prasad, 'Soil Dynamics & Earth Quake Engineering', Prentice-Hall of India.
7. Varghese, 'Foundation Engineering', Prentice –Hall of India.
8. Coduto, Donald P., 'Geotechnical Engineering Principles and Practices', Pearson Education Ltd.

## CE 314 SURVEYING – II

Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)			
	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

### Unit -I

*Contour & Contouring:* Definition of contour, contour interval, choice of contour interval, characteristics of contour. Method of locating contours by square method, cross sections & tacheometric method. Interpolation of contours. Use of contour maps.

*Computation of Volumes:* Volume of reservoir from contour map Volume from spot levels & contour plans. Earthwork calculations, Level, two level & side hill two level section,

### Unit –II

*Tacheometry:* Principle of tacheometric survey & its field application, Stadia method, constants of tacheometer, distance & elevation formulae for staff held vertical & normal. Reduction tables Use of anallactic lens. Errors and precision of tacheometry.

### Unit–III

*Circular Curves :* Necessity of curves, classification of curves (Simple, compound, reverse & vertical curves), Elements of simple circular curve (definition & notation, designation of curve), setting out of simple circular curve by ordination from the long chord by successive bisection of arc, by offsets from the tangents & by two theodolite method.

*Transition Curve:* General requirement of super elevation, ideal transition curve. Length of transition curve. Methods of setting out a transition curve.

### Unit -IV

*Trigonometrical Leveling:* Determination of differences of elevations: base of the object accessible, base of the object inaccessible axis at the same level & at different level.

*Aerial Photography:* Introduction to Aerial Photography.

*Field Astronomy:* Definitions and basic concepts of Field Astronomy.

### Practicals

1. Use of tacheometry with inclined sight and staff held vertical.
2. Use of tacheometry with inclined sight and staff held inclined.
3. Contouring by grid method.
4. Contouring by radial line method.
5. Contouring by spot level method.
6. Practice of contour plotting by various methods.
7. Problems of height and distance when base of object is accessible.
8. Problems of height and distance when base of object is inaccessible.
9. Computation of volume of reservoir by contours.
10. Elements of simple circular curve & their calculation.
11. Setting of simple circular curve by linear measurement techniques.
12. Introduction of Total Station.
13. Distance and angle (horizontal & vertical) by Total Station.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Arora K. R. 'Surveying', Volume I & II.
2. Punmia B.C. 'Surveying', Vol. I & II.
3. Clendinning and Oliver, 'Principles and use of surveying instruments'.
4. Kanetkar T. P., 'Surveying and leveling' Vol. I & II.
5. Duggal S.K., 'Surveying', Vol. I & II.

### CE 315 COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

	<b>Cr. Hrs. 1 (0+1)</b>		
	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>
<b>Credit</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

*Algorithms and flow charts:* Computer Algorithms for problem solution and flow charts.

*Error Analysis:* Approximations and errors, rounding of errors Truncation errors (using Taylor Series), Absolute Error.

*Roots of Equation:* Determination of roots of polynomials and transcendental equations by Secant, Bisection and Newton-Raphson methods.

*Linear Algebraic Equation:* Solutions of simultaneous linear algebraic equations by Gauss Elimination and Gauss- Jordan methods.

*Curve Fitting:* Linear regression analysis, Least square of fit of a straight line, Least square of fit of second order polynomials.

*Simple Programs:* To analyze various Structural elements using C/C++.

**Introduction to software used in Civil Engineering: STAAD Pro, SAP etc.**

### Suggested Books & References

1. Sastry, S. S. "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Prentice- Hall of India, New Delhi.
2. Jain, Iyengar and Jain, "Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation", New Age International, New Delhi.
3. Grewal B.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering and Science", Khanna Publishers, Delhi.

### CE 316 DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES-I

	<b>Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)</b>		
	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

#### Unit-I

*Introduction:* Types of steels as a structural material, various grades of structural steel, properties and their permissible stresses. Various rolled steel sections and their properties. Introduction to various codes related to steel design of structures (IS 800, 875 etc.)

*Structural Fasteners:* Riveted, bolted and welded connections. Strength, efficiency and design of joints. Introduction to high strength friction grip bolts.

#### Unit-II

*Design of Axially Loaded Members:* Tension and compression members.

Design axially loaded and eccentrically loaded columns.

Design of lacings and battens for built-up columns.

Column Bases: Slab base, Gusseted base.

### Unit-III

Plastic Design: Fundamentals of plastic theory for steel structures, shape factor, plastic analysis. Design of rectangular & I sections for Continuous beam.

### Unit-IV

*Design of Simple and Built-up Beams:* Laterally restrained and unrestrained (symmetrical section only). Curtailment of flange plates.

Gantry Girder: Design of gantry girder.

**Note: The use of IS 800, IS: 875, Structural Handbook No.1 shall be allowed in the examination.**

#### Design Assignments shall consist of the following

- 1 Design of built-up columns
  - 2 Design of beams
  - 3 Design of gantry girder.
  - 4 Design of industrial shed.
- To the scale sketching would be done in the sketch book by hand and then the drawings would be drafted using Drafting Package/ Auto Cad. Six half imperial size drawing sheets would be drawn using drafting software/ Auto CAD
  - Detailing of parts would be done as per standard professional practice and relevant IS codes.
  - Emphasis would be given on structural detailing of various connections in structural steel work.
  - Report of a site visit shall be prepared mentioning structural details with relevant sketches of structural connections.

One site visits would be carried out as a part of practical work. Practical Examination would include a sketching session.

#### Suggested Books & References

1. Arya & Ajmani, 'Design of Steel Structures'.
2. Duggal, S.K. 'Design of Steel Structures'.
3. Punmia B.C., 'Design of Steel Structures'.
4. Negi L.S., 'Design of steel Structures'.
5. Ramchandra, 'Design of Steel Structures'.
6. Steel Hand Book
7. Relevant IS Codes.

## THIRD YEAR B.TECH. (VI SEMESTER)

### CE 321 THEORY OF STRUCTURES-II

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### Unit-I

*Rolling Load:* Rolling load on beams and statically determinate frames. Shear force and bending moments due to concerted loads, uniformly distributed loads (longer and shorter than span).

*Influence Lines:* Influence Line Diagrams for shear force, bending moment, stress, deflection for simple supported beams & statically determinate frames. Muller-Breslau principle and its applications.

### Unit-II

*Unsymmetrical Bending:* Definition, location of Neutral Axis, computation of stresses, shear center and its location for common structural shapes.

### Unit-III

*Arches:* Linear arch, Eddy's theorem. Analysis of three hinged arch & two hinged arches. Moving loads on three hinged and two hinged arches.

### Unit-IV

*Cable and Suspension Bridges:* Analysis of cables with concentrated and continuous loading. Analysis of two & three hinged stiffening girder: Influence lines for Bending Moment and Shear Force.

#### Practicals

- 1 Analysis of a statically determinate frame for rolling load by influence line diagram.
- 2 Determination of stresses and shear centre for a beam for unsymmetrical bending.
- 3 Analysis of three hinged arch.
- 4 Analysis of two hinged arch
- 5 Analysis of cables for continuous loading.
- 6 Analysis of frame without sway by Kani's method.

#### Suggested Books & References

1. Junarkar, 'Mechanics of Structures' Vol. II.
2. Punmia, B.C., 'Strength of materials and Theory of structures' Vol. II.
3. Vazirani & Ratwani, 'Analysis of Structures' Vol. II.

## CE 322 DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES-II

	Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)		
	L	T	P
Credit	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

### Unit-I

*Continuous Beams:* Design of continuous R.C. beams (using I.S. code coefficients)

*Portal Frame:* Design of rectangular portal frame (one storey and one bay) with fixed end at base.

*Yield Line Theory:* Concept of yield line theory, Design of rectangular slab with U.D.L. & simple support conditions.

### Unit-II

*Beams Curved in Plan:* Analysis of ring beams uniformly loaded & supported on equi-spaced columns

*Domes:* Design of circular domes with UDL, concentrated load at crown.

### Unit-III

*Water Tanks* (Using working stress design method): Design of rectangular and circular tanks (as per I.S. 3370). Design of Intze type tanks (membrane analysis only). Design of column brace type staging. Design of annular raft foundation.

### Unit-IV

*Elements of Prestress Concrete:* Principles, systems and advantages, Material properties, Losses of prestress, Analysis of rectangular and I section, I.S. specifications. Design of a simple rectangular beam for flexure as per I.S. 1343 (excluding end block).

**Note:** The use of IS 456:2000, SP16, 'Reinforced Concrete Design Hand Book by Reynolds & Steedman, IS 1343, IS 3370 (Part 1 to 3) shall be allowed in the examination.

### Practicals

- 1 Design of Continuous beams.
- 2 Design of Portal frame.
- 3 Design of rectangular slab with U.D.L using yield line method.
- 4 Design of water Tanks.
- 5 Design of a prestressed rectangular beam (simple supported) for flexure.
- 6 Site visits for structural arrangement of members.

### Note :

- To the scale sketching would be done in the sketch book by hand and then the drawings would be drafted using Drafting Package/ Auto Cad.
- Detailing of parts would be done as per standard professional practice and relevant IS codes.
- Emphasis would be given on structural detailing of various members as per relevant codal provisions.
- Report of a site visit shall be prepared mentioning structural arrangement of members.

### Suggested Text Books & References

1. Jain A.K., 'Reinforced Concrete-Limit State Design', Nem Chand & Bros. Roorkee.
2. Krishna J. and Jain O.P., 'Plain and Reinforced Concrete, Vol. II. New Chand & Bros. Roorkee.
3. Dayaratnam P., 'Reinforced Concrete Structures' Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.
4. Punamia B.C., 'Reinforced Concrete Structures II', Laxmi Publication Pvt. Ltd.
5. Pillai and Menon, 'Reinforced Concrete Design', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
6. Gray W.S. and Mannings G.L. 'Reinforced Concrete Water Towers, Bunkers, Silos & Grantries', Concrete Publication Limited.
7. Reynolds C.E. and Steadman, J.C., 'Reinforced Concrete Design Hand Book',
8. Relevant IS Codes.

## CE 323 DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES-II

	Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)		
	L	T	P
Credits	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

### Unit-I

*Roof Truss:* Design of steel roof truss including end connections.

*Light Gauge Structures:* Introduction to design of structures with light gauge sections.

### Unit-II

*Plate Girder:* Design of plate girder under dead & super imposed load, connections flange plate to flange angles & flange angles to web, web and flange, Splicing of web. Intermediate and bearing stiffeners.

### Unit-III

Design of steel and masonry chimney stacks excluding their foundation, (Cantilever & braced type).

*Influence Lines:* Influence lines of Pratt, Warren and 'K' type trusses.

### Unit-IV

*Steel Bridges:* Design of deck type & through type truss bridges for railway loading. Design of lateral bracing.

#### Note:

1. The use of IS 800, IS: 875, Structural Handbook No.1 shall be allowed in the examination.
2. Use of Railway Bridge Rules and code of practice of steel Bridges (Railway Board) I.R.C. Codes I, II and III, IS 1915, IS 456, SP 16 shall be allowed in the examination.

#### Design Assignments Shall Consist of the Following

1. Design of Roof Truss
2. Design of plate girder.
3. Design of steel chimney.
4. Design of 'Through type' steel bridge for Railway Loading.
5. Design of 'Deck type' steel bridge for Railway Loading.
  - Scaled sketching would be done in the sketch book by hand and then the drawings would be drafted using Drafting Package/ Auto Cad.
  - Detailing of parts would be done as per standard professional practice and relevant IS codes.
  - Report of a site visit shall be prepared mentioning structural details with relevant sketches of structural connections.

One site visit would be carried out as a part of practical work. Practical Examination would also include a sketching session.

#### Suggested Books & References

1. Arya & Ajmani, 'Design of Steel Structure'.
2. Punmia B. C., 'Design of Steel Structure'.
3. Ramchandra, 'Design of Steel Structure'
4. Relevant IS Codes.

## CE 324 GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING-II

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### Unit-I

*Stress in Soil under Surface Loading:* Bossinesq's and Westergaard's analysis for vertical pressure and its distribution in a soil mass. Vertical stresses, horizontal and shear stresses (due to concentrated loads). Isobar diagram, Vertical stress distribution on a horizontal plane. Influence diagram. Vertical stresses at point under line load and strip load. Vertical stresses at a point under circular and rectangular loaded area, New Marks' chart. Pressure bulb and its significance in Foundation exploration. Stresses in soil below foundations.

### Unit-II

*Compressibility and Consolidation:* One-dimensional consolidation of soil, Degree of consolidation, consolidation test. Terzaghi's one-dimensional consolidation theory, Compressibility parameters, coefficient of consolidation. Preconsolidation pressure and its determination. Normally, over and under consolidated soils. Methods of predicting settlement & its rate. Total and differential Settlement.

*Stability of Slopes:* Classification of slopes, Stability analysis of infinite slopes. Stability of finite slopes by Swedish and Friction circle method. Taylor's stability number curves.

### Unit-III

*Earth Pressure:* Active, passive and earth pressure at rest Rankine's and Coulomb's theories Rebhann's and Culman's graphical method for active earth pressure (vertical and inclined back retaining walls), horizontal and inclined cohesionless back fill. Stability analysis of retaining walls.

*Bearing Capacity of Soils:* Terminology related to bearing capacity. Common types of foundations. Terzaghi and Meyerhoffs theory for bearing capacity. Rankine's method for minimum depth to foundation Skempton's method. Effect of water table on bearing capacity. IS code method to determine bearing capacity. Plate load and penetration tests.

### Unit-IV

*Site Investigations:* Planning of Investigations. Methods of explorations, depth of exploration. Undisturbed and disturbed samples. Types of

Samples. Brief description of procedures of sampling, Transportation and storage of samples, Depth, number & extent of boreholes Geophysical methods of investigations.

*Foundations:* Introduction to pile, well and machine foundations.

**Practicals :** Will be as per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Punmia, B.C., 'Soil Mechanics and Foundations'.
2. Ranjan G. & Rao, 'Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics'.
3. Singh Alam, 'Soil Engineering in Theory and Practice'.
4. Arora, K.R., 'Soil Mechanics & Foundation Engineering'.
5. Varghese, 'Foundation Engineering', Prentice' –Hall of India.

## CE 325 TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING-I

	<b>Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)</b>		
	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### Unit-I

*Introduction:* Importance and Role of Transportation Systems. Transportation Modes and their comparison.

*Highway Planning :* Highway planning Process (specifically of India), Preparation of master plan, Classification of Roads, Road Patterns, Highway Alignment (Controlling Factors and Surveys), Introduction to hill roads & rural roads.

### Unit- II

*Highway Geometric Design:* Cross Sectional Elements, camber, Sight Distances, definition and analysis of SSD and OSD, Design of Horizontal Alignment (Super elevation, extra widening, transition curves), Vertical Alignment (Gradients and types of vertical curves).

### Unit-III

*Elementary Traffic Engineering:* Significance of different Traffic Engineering Studies ( Speed, Volume, O & D, Parking and Accident's

Study), Importance and type of Traffic Signs, Signals, Road Marking and Road Intersections.

*Highway Materials:* Desirable Properties, Testing Procedures and Standard values relating to Stone Aggregates, Bitumen and Tar.

*Construction:* Methods of constructing different types of roads (Stabilized roads, WBM roads, Bituminous roads and Concrete roads).

### Unit-IV

*Structural Design of Pavements:* Factors affecting design of flexible and rigid Pavements, Concept of equivalent single wheel load, Design of Flexible Pavements by CBR method (as per guidelines of IRC).

*Highway Maintenance:* Brief introduction of failure pattern and maintenance for WBM, Bitumen and Concrete Roads.

*Highway Drainage:* Introduction to various types of C.D. works.

### Practicals

1. To determine the elongation and flakiness index for an aggregate sample.
2. To determine the Crushing value for an aggregate sample.
3. To determine the Impact value for an aggregate sample.
4. To determine the Abrasion value for an aggregate sample.
5. To determine the Softening point for a bitumen sample.
6. To determine the Penetration value for a bitumen sample.
7. To determine the Ductility value for a bitumen sample.
8. Introduction to design a bitumen mix using Marshall method

### Suggested Books & References

1. Khanna and Justo, 'Highway Engineering'.
2. L.R. Kadiyali, 'Highway Engineering'.
3. G.R.Rao , 'Traffic Engineering and Transportation Planning'.
4. Chakrobrati and Das, 'Principles of Transportation Engineering'.

## CE 326 MATRIX METHODS OF STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

	Cr. Hrs. 2 (0+2)		
	L	T	P
Credit	0	0	2
Hours	0	0	4

*Introduction to Flexibility & Stiffness Matrices:* Static and kinematic indeterminacy. Properties of stiffness and flexibility matrices. Compatibility condition. Analysis of simple structures.

*Plane Trusses and Plane Frames:* Stiffness matrix for axial force members (plane truss). Stiffness matrix for flexural members (plane frame). Stiffness matrix for combined axial force, flexure and torsion.

Transformation matrix, stiffness matrices in global coordinates.

Formation of global equations. Solution for displacement and forces under gravity and lateral loads.

*Space Truss:* Stiffness matrix analysis of space trusses.

*Computer Technique:* Computer solution of problems by stiffness method. Advantage of the stiffness method.

*Introduction to Finite Element Analysis:* Introduction (background & general description of the method). Analysis procedure. Element stiffness matrix, overall stiffness matrix for a structure. Solution of a problem.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Pandit G.S., & Gupta S.P., "Structural Analysis (A matrix approach)", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Ltd.
2. J.S.Przemieniecki, "Theory of Matrix Structural Analysis", McGraw-Hill.
3. Meek, J.L., "Matrix Structural Analysis".
4. Kanchi, "Matrix Structural Analysis", Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi
5. Cook R.D., Malkas D.S. & Plesha M.E., "Concepts and applications of Finite element analysis", John Wiley & Sons.
6. Bathe, K. J., "Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis".
7. Desai, C. S. and Kundu T., "Introductory Finite Element Method".
8. Dave, D. J. "Matrix and F.E.M.: Displacement Analysis".

## FOURTH YEAR B.TECH. (VII SEMESTER)

### CE 411 BRIDGE ENGINEERING

	Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)		
	L	T	P
Credits	3	0	1
Hours	3	0	2

#### Unit-I

*Introduction:* Type of bridges & classification of road & railways bridges. Economical span. IRC loadings for bridges, wind load & Earthquake forces. Various load distribution theories.

*Investigation for Bridges:* Site selection and preliminary data.

*Maintenance:* Maintenance of bridges.

#### Unit-II

*Reinforced Concrete Culverts & Bridges:* Design of reinforced concrete slab culvert, T-beam bridges (Courbons & Hendry-Jaegar methods) for IRC Loading. Use of Pigeaud's coefficients.

#### Unit-III

*Substructure:* Principle of design of substructure elements, Design of pier, abutment and wing wall.

*Design of Foundation:* Introduction of Well foundation.

#### Unit-IV

*Bearing:* Bearings for slab bridges and girder bridges. Elastomeric bearings, design concepts as per IRC 83 (Part II).

*Joints:* Expansion joints.

**Note: 1. The use of IS 800, IS: 875, Structural Handbook No.1 shall be allowed in the examination.**

**Design Assignments shall consist of the following:**

1. Design of Slab culvert.
  2. Design of T-beam bridge.
  3. Design of substructure elements for T-beam bridge.
- Detailing of parts would be done as per standard professional practice and relevant IS codes.
  - To the scale sketching would be done in the sketch book by hand.
  - Report of a site visit shall be prepared mentioning structural details with relevant sketches of structural connections.

Site visit would be carried out as a part of practical work. Practical Examination would also include a sketching session.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Victor Johnson, 'Bridge Engineering'.
2. Relevant IRC codes.

**Note:** The use of IRC Book shall be allowed in the examination.



## CE 412 WATER RESOURCES ENGINEERING

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)**  
**L T P**  
**Credit 3 0 1**  
**Hours 3 0 2**

### Unit- I

*Surface Water Hydrology:* Hydrological Cycle, Types & forms of precipitations. Rainfall measurements & interpretation of rainfall data, missing rainfall data.

*Runoff:* Factor affecting runoff, annual runoff volume, computation of runoff, infiltration indices.

*Hydrograph Analysis:* Hydrograph elements and factor affecting. Unit hydrograph & its applications.

### Unit- II

*Ground Water Hydrology:* Ground water aquifers. Permeability & transmissibility of aquifers: steady flow towards a well in confined & water table aquifer (Dupits & Theims equation). Measurement of yield of an open well, tube well & infiltration galleries, interference among wells (well losses, comparison of well and flow irrigation).

*Reservoirs:* Planning of reservoir, types of reservoir and their site selection, capacity & yield of reservoir, Reservoir sedimentation and useful life of reservoirs.

### Unit-III

*Gravity Dams:* Force acting on a gravity dam, stability requirements, Design and construction features.

*Embankment Dams:* Suitable sites, causes of failures. Design & stability analysis (flownet, slope stability analysis, precautions of piping).

*Spillways:* Spillway capacity, flood routing through spillway. Different types of spillways and gate, energy dissipation below spillways.

### Unit- IV

*Cross Drainage Structure:* Necessity of Cross drainage structures, their types and selection, comparative merits and demerits, design of various types of cross drainage structure-aqueducts, syphon aqueduct, super-passage syphon, level crossing and other types.

*Hydro Power Plant:* Hydro-electric power generation, Hydro-electric plant. General features of hydroelectric projects.

**Practicals :** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Asawa, G.L., 'Irrigation Engineering', 2nd Ed. New Age International Publisher. New Delhi.
2. Singh Bharat, 'Fundamental of Irrigation Engineering', 7th Ed, Nem Chand & Bros. Roorkee.
3. Varshney, R.S., Gupta S.C. and Gupta R.L., 'Theory and Design of Irrigation Structures'. Nem Chand and Bros. Roorkee.
4. Arora K.R., 'Irrigation Water Power and Water Resources Engineering', Standard Publishers Distributors.

## CE 413 PUBLIC HEALTH ENGINEERING- I

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)**  
**L T P**  
**Credit 3 0 1**  
**Hours 3 0 2**

### Unit-I

*Sources of Water Supply:* Surface water, ground water, springs, wells & galleries.

*Quantity and Quality of Water:* Quantity of water per capita, variation in seasonal and hourly consumption. Forecasting of population. Standards of purity for public water supply (I.S. and WHO standards).

### Unit -II

*Raw Water :* Lakes and river intakes, raw water pumping.

*Treatment of Water:* Aeration, screening, simple sedimentation, Quiescent and continuous flow types of tanks. Coagulation of water, principle of coagulation, coagulation followed by sedimentation, mixing basins.

### Unit-III

*Filtration:* Slow sand filters, rapid sand filters, comparison of two filters.

*Disinfection:* Treatment with excess lime, ozone, ultraviolet rays, boiling, chlorine and compound of chlorine for disinfection.

*Water Softening:* Zeolite process, its limitation & advantages.

### Unit-IV

*Pipes for Water Supply:* Different types of pipes used in water supplies.

*Joints in Pipes:* Bell & spigot joint, cement joint, mechanical joint, flanged joint.

*Valves:* Air valve, reflux valve, safety valve, sluice valve.

*System of Supply:* Constant & intermittent supply of water & its disadvantage. Layout of distribution system. Pressure in pipe, water hammer in distribution system.

### Practicals

1. To determine the total, suspended, dissolved and fixed solid in a given sample.
2. To determine the turbidity of a given sample of water.
3. To determine the odour and colour of a given sample of water.
4. To determine the pH value of a given sample of water.
5. To determine the type and extent of acidity.
6. To determine the carbonate and bicarbonate.
7. To determine concentration of chlorides in the given sample of water.
8. To estimate the hardness of the given sample of water by standard E.D.T.A. method.
9. To determine residual chlorine in a given sample of water.
10. Standards of purity for public water supply. (I.S. and WHO standard)

### Suggested Books & References

1. Hussain, S.K., 'Text book of water supply & sanitary engineering', Oxford & IBH Publishing co. pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Rangewala, S.C., 'Fundamentals of water supply & sanitary engineering', Charotar Publisher House, Anand.
3. Punamia, B.C., 'Water supply & sanitary engineering'. Laxmi publishers. Jodhpur
4. Garg, S.K., 'Water supply & sanitary engineering', Khanna Publishers. New Delhi.
5. 'Manual on Water Supply and Water treatment', Ministry of Urban Development, Govt. of India, New Delhi

## CE 414 TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING-II

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)**

**L T P**

**Credit 2 0 1**

**Hours 2 0 2**

### Unit-I

*Introduction and Permanent Way Components:* Types and selection of gauges. Ideal permanent ways & cross sections in different conditions. Salient features of components (Rails, Sleepers, Ballast, Rail Fastenings).

*Study of Specific Aspects:* Coning of wheels, creep, wear, failures in rails, Rail- joints, length of rail. Sleepers (Functions and requirement of ideal sleeper, types of sleeper, sleeper density). Railway stations (site selection and facilities required by passengers). Platforms (goods and passengers). Yards (goods and passengers, marshalling yards).

### Unit-II

*Geometric Design:* Basic principles & factor affecting geometric design of railway track. Gradient, speed, super elevation, cant deficiency, grade compensation.

*Points and Crossings:* Points & switches, Types of turnouts. Layout plans of different types of crossing.

*Railway Systems Specific to Urban Movements:* Introduction of surface railway system, Underground system and Elevated System.

### Unit-III

*Airport Engineering:* Airport planning, Airport classifications, Aircraft characteristics (important in planning), Factors in Airport site selection, Obstructions & Zoning laws.

*Runway Orientation and Design:* Factors affecting, Wind Rose diagram, Cross wind component, Basic runway length, Corrections for elevation and temperature as per ICAO, Types of runway pattern, Runway Layout, Runway & Taxiway width, Gradient, Minimum turning radius.

### Unit-IV

*Airport Layout and Control:* Layout plans of an air-port with single and multiple runways, Planning of Terminal Area (Terminal building), Location of Gates, Aprons and Hangers, Wind direction and Landing direction indicators, Airport lighting system and Airport Drainage System (brief description).

### Practicals

1. Detailed drawing of a railway station with platform.
2. Detailed drawings of railway track system showing different types of crossing.
3. Detailed drawing showing runway and taxiway of an airport.
4. Basic planning of terminal building of an airport.
5. Site visit for arrangement of various elements.

### Note

- Scaled sketching would be done in the sketch-book by hand.
- Report of a site visit shall be prepared.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Saxena, S. C. and Arora, S. P., 'A Text Book of Railway Engineering'.
2. Agarwal M. M., 'Railway Engineering'.
3. Mundrey J S, 'Railway Track Engineering'.
4. 'Track Manuals of Indian Railways'.
5. Khanna and Arora, 'Airport Engineering'.
6. Rangwala, 'Airport Engineering'.

## CE 415 ESTIMATING AND COSTING

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### Unit-I

*Estimating:* Objects & general principles for estimating & costing. Types of estimates. Rules & methods of measurement. Procedure for estimating. Various items of work in building construction. General considerations for preparing report.

### Unit-II

*Specification:* Types of specification (Brief and detail). Detailed specification for building works. Detailed specification for canal & road works items.

*Rate Analysis:* Concepts of rate analysis. Requirements of an item for analysis of rate. Quantity calculation of materials for an item. Calculation of labour (task of labour as per N.B.O.) & Overhead cost.

### Unit-III

*Calculation of Quantity:* Various formulae for calculation of quantity of concrete, bricks & reinforcement. Earth work calculations of roadwork for level & side hill sections (two level) only. Calculations of quantity of Road works,

*Canal Earthwork:* Balancing depth of earthwork in a canal. Use of L-section & cross-section for earthwork calculations of quantity of materials for canal lines.

### Unit-IV

*Accounting:* Accounting & procedure of works, classification of works. Contract & contract document. Tender; Notice for inviting tenders (NIT), opening of tenders, processing of tenders. Running & final bill, earnest money, security money & measurement book. General discussion of a works department.

*Valuation :* Purpose of valuation, , Scrap value, Salvage value, Market value, Book value, Annuity capitalized value. Methods of calculating depreciation (Straight line & Sinking fund method), Valuation of a building, rent fixation.

### Practicals

1. Blue print reading & finding dimensions for quantity calculations.
2. Use of Long-wall & Short-wall methods of estimation for a building.
3. Use of Centre line method of estimation for a building.
4. Earthwork in excavation & masonry work in foundation & up-to plinth.
5. Detailed estimates for super structure items, wood work, plasters etc.,
6. Estimate of R.C.C and steel work for - Slab - beam – column & trusses.
7. Rate analysis & preparation of bills – Data analysis of rates for various items of works – abstract estimates Building projects – submission & execution.
8. Estimates of simple structures (under ground tank).
9. Detailed estimate of small residential building (two roomed)
10. Earthwork calculation for Road work – earthwork in cutting / filling. Detailed estimate for WBM, Bituminous road.
11. Estimate of Slab Culvert- including all the components
12. Earthwork Calculation for canal works in embankment & cutting.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Datta B. N., 'Estimating and Costing in Civil Engineering Theory and Practice', Publishing Distributors Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Birdi, 'Estimating and costing in Civil Engineering', Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi.
3. Bellis H.F. & Schmidt, W.A., 'Architectural Drafting', McGraw-Hill Book Co. Inc., London.

## CE 416 (a) CONSTRUCTION ECONOMICS AND FINANCE

	Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)		
	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	2

### Unit-I

*Principles and Explanation of Economic Terms:* Land, labour, capital rent, wages, interest, production.

*Construction Accounting:* Profit & Loss, Balance Sheet, Income statement, Ratio analysis.

*Engineering Economics:* Time value of money, discounted cash flow, Net Present Value (NPV), Internal Rate of Return (IRR), Price Index (PI).

### Unit-II

*Benefit-Cost Analysis:* Replacement analysis, Break-even analysis. Risks, uncertainties and management decision in capital budgeting.

### Unit-III

*Work Pricing and Inflation:* Cost elements of contract, bidding and award, revision due to unforeseen causes, escalation. Project appraisal and project yield.

### Unit-IV

*Working Capital Management:* Financial plan and multiple source of finance. Budgeting and budgetary control, Performance budgeting, appraisal through financial statements, Project cash flow.

### Practicals

1. Preparing a double entry Balance Sheet for an organization.
2. Preparing a ledger Sheet for an organization.
3. Cash flow diagram for a construction Equipment.
4. Risk Analysis of a project.
5. Analysis for working capital requirement of a typical construction project.

### Suggested Books & References

E. Paul DeGarmo, "Engineering Economy", Macmillan Publishing Company, New York

## CE 416 (b) TALL BUILDINGS

	Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)		
	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	2

### Unit-I

*Introduction to Tall Building:* Classification of tall buildings. Types of loads: Gravity load, wind load, seismic load & combination of loads. Floor systems. Structural forms.

*RC Frames:* Introduction to rigid frame system.

### Unit-II

*Analysis of Frames:* Gravity load: Substitute frame method for dead load and live loads.

*Lateral Load:* Approximate method for wind load (Factor method).

*Infilled Frames:* Behaviour of the frames. Forces in the infill and frame. Design of infill.

### Unit-III

*Shear Wall:* Behaviour of shear wall systems. Interaction of shear wall & frames. Introduction to coupled shear walls.

### Unit-IV

*Earthquake Resistant Buildings:* [Introduction] Response of a tall building to ground motion. Response Spectrum Method. Codal provisions for earthquake resistant buildings (IS 1893:2002).

**Practicals :** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Smith, B.S. and Coull A., 'Tall buildings Structures: Analysis and Design', John Wiley and Sons.
2. Schuller, Wolfgang, 'High rise Buildings Structures', John Wiley and Sons.
3. Sarwar Alam Raz, 'Analytical methods in Structural Engineering', Wiley Eastern Private Limited, New Delhi
4. Relevant IS Codes.

## CE 416 (c) DESIGN OF PRE-STRESS STRUCTURES

	Cr. Hrs. 3(2+1)		
	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	2

### Unit- I

*Basics of Pre-stressed Concrete:* Concepts, materials, various pre-tensioning and post tensioning systems, losses in pre-stressing. Concept of partial pre-stressing. Machinery and equipments of pre-stressing.

*Analysis:* Analysis of sections (Stress concept, Load balancing concept and Strength concept).

### Unit- II

*Design:* Design of simply supported beams of rectangular and flanged sections for flexure and shear as per I.S. code (using limit state design).

### Unit- III

*End Blocks:* Design of end blocks. Transmission & anchorage zone stresses (anchorage zone reinforcement).

*Continuous Beams:* Analysis of continuous beams of two spans. Concept of cable profile.

### Unit- IV

*Indeterminate Structures:* Design of continuous beams (Two Span).

*Composite Construction:* Analysis for flexural stresses and strength of composite members.

**Note: The use of IS 1343 shall be allowed in the examination.**

### Practicals

1. Analysis of losses.
2. Design of Simple supported beam for flexure and shear.
3. Design of Flanged section beam for flexure and shear.
4. Design of End block.
6. Analysis of continuous beams of two spans.
7. Design of two span continuous beams.
8. Site visit for structural arrangement of members.

### Note

- Detailing of parts would be done as per standard professional practice and relevant IS codes.
- To the scale sketching would be done in the sketch book by hand.
- Report of a site visit shall be prepared mentioning structural details with relevant sketches of structural connections.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Lin T.Y. 'Design of Pre-stress concrete structures'.
2. Krinsharaju N, 'Pre-stressed concrete', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
3. Ramamurtham, 'Pre stress concrete'.
4. Edward Nawy, 'Pre-stressed Concrete Structures'
5. Relevant IS Codes.

## CE416 (d) DESIGN OF INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES

	Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)		
	L	T	P
Credit	2	0	1
Hours	2	0	2

### Unit-I

*Connections:* Design of semi rigid connections (column and bracket connections)

*Design of Industrial Buildings:* Analysis and design of major components; Roof truss, gantry girders, gable girder, side rails.

### Unit-II

*Multi-story Buildings:* Design of multi story buildings of steel: simple industrial and mill buildings.

### Unit-III

*Chimneys:* Design of steel chimneys.

### Unit-IV

*Bunkers and Silos:* Design of steel bunkers and silos.

*Light-gauge Structures:* Design of steel light gauge structures.

**Note: The use of IS 800, IS: 875, Structural Handbook No.1 shall be allowed in the examination.**

### Practicals

1. Design of a industrial building
2. Design of a multi story buildings of steel (simple industrial and mill buildings).
3. Design of a steel chimney.
4. Design of a steel bunkers and silo.
5. Site visit for structural arrangement of members.

### Note :

- Detailing of parts would be done as per standard professional practice and relevant IS codes.
- To the scale sketching would be done in the sketch-book by hand.
- Report of a site visit shall be prepared mentioning structural details with relevant sketches of structural connections.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Gaylord and Gaylord, 'Steel Design'.
2. Arya & Ajmani, 'Design of Steel Structures'.
3. Ramchandra, 'Design of Steel Structures'.
4. Relevant IS Codes.

## CE 416 (e) SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)**  
**L T P**  
**Credit 2 0 1**  
**Hours 2 0 2**

### Unit -I

*General:* Problems associated with Solid Waste Disposal. National & global scenario of solid waste management.

*Generation of Solid Waste:* Objectives of solid waste management, Classification of solid waste. Activities associated with generation of solid waste, quantity of waste generation, factors affecting solid waste generation.

### Unit -II

*Types of Solid Waste:* Sources of solid waste. Food & biodegradable waste, recyclable waste. hazardous waste.

*Waste Collections, Transfer and Transport:* Storage of waste at source & source separation of waste. Primary collection of waste, secondary storage of waste. Waste storage depot. Transportation of waste..

### Unit-III

*Analysis of Solid Waste:* Need for physio-chemical analysis of municipal solid waste. Physical characteristic of refuse : specific weight & category analysis.

*Chemical Characteristic of Refuse:* Determination of moisture content, volatile solid, pH, carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium & calorific value.

Composting & incineration, their advantages & disadvantages.

### Unit-IV

*Sanitary Land Filling:* Introduction, approach to design of sanitary land filling. Typical component of land-fill cover. Various guide lines for design of land-fill. Trench of municipal solid waste disposal. Environmental quality monitoring at land-fill site. Recommendation for problems of municipal solid waste.

**Practicals:** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. G. Techobanogious, H. Theisen & R. Blassen, 'Solid Waste Engineering, Principles and Management Issues', McGraw Hills, Book Co. New York.
2. C.L. Mentell, 'Solid Waste Management, 'John Whely, New York.
3. Bhide & Sundrashen, 'Solid Waste Management in Developing Countries'

## BS 411 OPERATION RESEARCH

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (3 +0)**  
**L T P**  
**Credit 3 0 0**  
**Hours 3 0 0**

### Unit – I

Introduction and importance of OR, Meaning and classification of models, Linear Programming, Mathematical formulation, Graphical Solutions.

### **Unit-II**

*Simplex Methods:* Degeneracy and duality.

### **Unit-III**

Transportation type problems, Assignment problems.

### **Unit-IV**

Concepts of waiting line and simple problems, Project management by PERT/CPM methods.

### **Suggested Books & References**

1. S.D. Sharma, 'Operation Research', Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.
2. Goyal and Mittal., 'Operations Research', Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.

## **SW 415 REMOTE SENSING AND GIS APPLICATION**

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

### **Unit – I**

*Remote Sensing:* Definition stages in remote sensing, modern remote sensing technology versus conventional aerial photography: basic principle of image interpretation, factors governing the quality of an image: factors governing interpretability, visibility of objects, elements of image interpretation.

### **Unit – II**

Techniques of image interpretation, visual image interpretation, digital image processing, digital image: remote sensing in agriculture progress and prospects, microwave radiometry for monitoring agriculture crops and hydrologic forecasting: aerial photo interpretation for water resources development and soil conservation survey.

### **Unit – III**

*GIS:* History of development of GIS definition, basic components, and standard GIS packages: data-entry, storage and maintenance; data types-spatial-non-spatial (attribute data), data structure.

### **Unit – IV**

*Data Format-* Point line vector-raster – polygon-object structural model, files, files organization-data base management systems (DBMS), entering data in computer-digitizer-scanner-data compression.

### **Practicals**

1. Familiarization with remote sensing and GIS hardware.
2. Use of instruments for aerial photo interpretation.
3. Interpretation of aerial photographs and satellite imagery.
4. Basic GIS operations such as image display.
5. Study the various features of GIS software package.
6. Scanning and digitization of maps.
7. Data base query and map algebra.
8. GIS supported case studies in water resources management.

### **Suggested Books & References**

1. M.A. Reddy, 'Remote sensing and Geographical Information Systems', Second Edition, B.S. Publication, Hyderabad.
2. Lillsand and Kiefer, 'Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation', John Wiley & Sons.
3. P.A. Longley, M.F. Good Child, D.J. Maguire and D.W. Rhind 'Geographic Information. System and Science', John Wiley & Sons Ltd., New York.

## **ME 416 (a) FINITE ELEMENT METHOD**

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (3 + 0)**

	L	T	P
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

### **Unit – I**

Review of matrix algebra, theory of elasticity, stress-strain relations, strain-temperature relations, plane stress, plane strain, axisymmetric case.

Introduction to FEM with direct or stiffness formulation for bar problem. Element stiffness matrix, assembly, imposition of boundary conditions, solution of global system, stress and support reaction computation.

Computation details, storage schemes for global matrices. Solution of equations in static analysis. Gauss elimination, Cholesky's factorisation.

### **Unit– II**

Principle of stationary (or minimum) potential energy, principle of virtual work. Rayleigh-Ritz method. Galerkin method. Variational formulation of FEM. Piecewise polynomial interpolation. Shape functions, degree of continuity. Shape functions for  $C_0$  and  $C_1$  elements. Lagrangian and Hermite interpolations. General displacement based formulation for structural problems. Consistent element model loads. Equilibrium and compatibility in FE model. Convergence requirements.

Finite element formulation for one dimensional bar and heat transfer problems. Linear and quadratic elements. Natural Coordinates, isoparametric formulation.

### **Unit – III**

Finite elements formulation of one dimensional beam problem for minimum potential energy and Galerkin approach. Beam element. Coordinate transformations, truss and frame elements. Application to simple beam, truss and frame problem.

### **Unit – IV**

Finite element formulation for two dimensional structural and heat transfer problems - minimum potential energy and Galerkin approaches. Natural (area) coordinates. Linear triangular element for structural (CST element) and heat transfer problems. Plane bilinear element. Isoparametric plane bilinear and triangular elements. Numerical integration, Gauss quadrature. Jacobian matrix. Applications to simple stress analysis and heat transfer problem (restricted to CST element only)

### **Suggested Books & References**

1. T.R. Chandrupatla and A.D. Belegundu, 'Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering', Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
2. R.D. Cook, D.S. Malkus and M.E. Plesha, 'Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis', John Wiley & Sons.
3. P. Sheshu, 'Test Book of Finite Element Analysis', Prentice Hall of India.
4. K.J. Bathe, 'Finite Element Procedure', Prentice Hall of India.

## **FM 414 HUMAN ENGINEERING AND SAFETY**

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)**  
**L T P**  
**Credit 2 0 1**  
**Hours 2 0 2**

### **Unit-I**

*Human Factor in System Development* : concept of systems, basic processes in system development, performance reliability, human performance, information input process, visual displays, major types and use of displays, auditory and factual displays.

### **Unit-II**

*Measurement of Energy, Direct and Indirect Methods*: Energy cost of different activities and Acceptable work load. Noise and vibration, its measurement and control.

### **Unit-III**

*Anthropometry*: arrangement and utilization of work space, atmospheric conditions, heat exchange process and performance.

### **Unit-IV**

Dangerous machine (Regulation) act, Rehabilitation and compensation to accident victims, Safety gadgets for spraying, threshing, Chaff cutting and tractor & trailer operation etc.

### **Practicals**

1. Calibration of the subject in the laboratory using bi-cycle Ergometer as loading device versus different physiological parameters.
2. Calibration of the subject in the laboratory using mechanical treadmill as loading device versus different physiological parameters.
3. Study of Respiration gas meter and its use in selected farm operation and their comparison from energy point of view.
4. Calibration of the subject using Heart Rate Monitor in farm operation.
5. Study of general fatigue of the subject using Blink ratio method.
6. Anthropometric measurements of a selected group of workers and its statistical analysis.
7. Study of optimum work space layout and locations of controls of different factors. Familiarization with the noise and vibration equipment.

### **Suggested Books & References**

1. P.O. Astrant and K. Rodhal, 'A Test Book of Work Physiology', McGraw Hill Book Co., New York.



2. E.J. Mc Cormic, 'Human Factors in Engineering Design', Tata McGraw Hill Pub., Co., New Delhi.
3. J.A. Roebuchk. K.H.E. Kroenor and M.S. Thomson, 'Engineering Anthropometry', John Willey & Sons, New Delhi.

#### **FOURTH YEAR B.TECH. (VIII SEMESTER)**

##### **CE 421 PROJECT EVALUATION & CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT**

	<b>Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)</b>		
	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>
<b>Credit</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

###### **Unit- I**

*Introduction:* Construction project management frame work, Planning scope objectives & function of project management.

*Construction Planning:* Introduction, different types of planning. Scheduling, methods of scheduling, job planning & job lay outs.

###### **Unit- II**

*Network Techniques:* Elements of CPM and PERT as applied to the construction projects. Errors & updating of Network & control of progress.

###### **Unit- III**

*Contract Management:* Legal aspect of contracts, laws related to contract, Different types of contract. Elements of tender operation. Contract negotiation & award of work, settlement of disputes.

###### **Unit- IV**

*Safety in Construction:* Introduction, Accidents prevention, causes of accidents, safety measure to be followed in various construction work like excavation, demolition, explosive handling, hot bitumen work etc.

*Management Information System:* Concept of Project Management Information System. Benefits of computerized information system.

###### **Practicals**

1. Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) of a typical construction project.
2. Scheduling and Bar Chart of a typical Boundary Wall Project.
3. Preparation of a network for typical Building Project.
4. CPM Network of a Pipe Line Project.
5. Resource leveling of a Project.
6. Study of a Tender Document.
7. Safety measure at excavation site.
8. Introduction to Project Management Software.

9. Use of Microsoft Excel for Project Management.

##### **Suggested Books & References**

1. Chitkara K.K., 'Construction Project Management'.
2. Gupta & Gupta, 'Construction Management & Accounts'.

##### **CE 422 PUBLIC HEALTH ENGINEERING-II**

	<b>Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)</b>		
	<b>L</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>P</b>
<b>Credit</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Hours</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>

###### **Unit -I**

*Sewage Disposal:* Introduction, systems of sewage disposal, conservancy system & water carriage system. Separate, Combined and partially separate system, their advantage & disadvantage. Suitability of separate sewerage system for India. Manhole, drop manhole, catch basins, flushing devices, grease & sand traps. Material for sewer pipes. Shape of sewers. Laying the sewers.

###### **Unit -II**

*Design of Sewers:* Quantity of sewage, provision for future population, Quantity of storm water, design of sewers, Estimating storm water by time of concentration method. Testing of sewer line. Cleaning of sewers.

*Preliminary Treatment:* screening, disposal of screening, skimming tank, grit chamber, disposal of grit.

###### **Unit -III**

*Sewage Treatment:* Principle of sewage, sedimentation, filtration, intermittent sand filter, contact bed, introduction of trickling filter. Advantage & disadvantage of trickling filter.

###### **Unit -IV**

*Introduction of Solid Waste Management:* General, classification of municipal solid waste, quantity of waste generation. Objectives of solid waste management. Environmental problem associated with solid waste. Activities associated with generation of solid waste. Factors affecting solid waste. Introduction of sanitary land filling.

###### **Practicals**

1. To determine the amount of dissolved oxygen in the given sample of water by Winkler method.
2. To determine 5 day BOD of a given sample of effluent.
3. To determine the quality of Alum required to coagulate a given sample of water by jar test.
4. To determine the chemical oxygen demand (COD) of given sample of effluent.
5. Introduction of separate combined & partially separate system.
6. Design of sewers.
7. Estimating storm water by time of concentration methods.
8. Introduction of disposal alternatives: Sanitary land filling.
9. Composting & incineration.
10. Visit to a local polluted site.

#### Suggested Books & References

- 1 Hussain, S.K., 'Text book of water supply & sanitary engineering ', Oxford & IBH Publishing co. pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2 Rangwala, S.C., 'Fundamentals of water supply & sanitary engineering', Charotar Publisher House, Anand.
- 3 Punamia, B.C., 'Water supply & sanitary engineering'. Laxmi publishers. Jodhpur
- 4 Garg, S.K., 'Water supply & sanitary engineering', Khanna publishers. New Delhi.
- 5 'Standard Methods for the examination of water and waste water', 19th edition, prepared and published jointly by ALPHA, AWWA, WEF.

#### CE 423 IRRIGATION ENGINEERING AND HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES

**Cr. Hrs. 4 (3+1)**  
**L T P**  
**Credit 3 0 1**  
**Hours 3 0 2**

#### Unit- I

*Irrigation Practices:* Need for Irrigation in India, scope (soil moisture & plant growth). System of irrigation (surface & subsurface irrigation method). Irrigation water quality, water requirements & irrigation scheduling of crops. Duty & Delta (Base period-relationship). Irrigation efficiencies. Assessment of irrigation water. Environmental impact of irrigation projects

#### Unit-II

*Canal Irrigation:* Sediment Transport; Importance & Mechanics of transport, Estimation of bed load & suspended load. Design of channels in India, regime channels, Kennedy and Lacey's theory.

*Water Logging:* Water logging & salt efflorescence, causes, effects & control measures (canal lining).

#### Unit- III

*Diversion Head Works:* Design for surface and subsurface flows (Bligh's and Khosla's methods). Selection of site layout of different parts of a diversion headwork. Types of weirs and barrages, design of weirs on permeable foundation, silt excluders and different types of silt ejectors. Energy dissipation.

*Regulator:* Types of canals head regulators, cross regulator.

#### Unit-IV

*Falls:* Classification of falls, Design of falls.

*Canal Transitions:* Cross drainage works. Flood control works (flood forecasting-methods).

*River Training Works:* sediment control and silt exclusion devices, Escape bed bars.

*Drainage:* Necessity, reclamation of land and water resources. Surface and sub surface drainage system and their design.

**Practicals:** As per theory syllabus.

#### Suggested Books & References

1. S.K. Garg, 'Irrigation Engineering & Hydraulic Structures', Khanna Publishers
2. V.T. Chow, 'Open Channel Hydraulics', McGraw Hill Publishing Co
3. Satyanarayana Murthy, C, 'Design and Drawing', New Age International Publishers.

4. Modi & Seth, 'Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machinery', Standard Publications.

2. Allen & Edward, 'The repair of concrete structures'
3. Mehta, PK & Monteriro, P.J.M 'Concrete Microstructure, Properties and Materials'.
4. Neville, 'Properties of Concrete'.

**CE 424 (a) REPAIR AND REHABILITATION OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES**

**Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)**

**L T P**

**Credit 2 0 1**

**Hours 2 0 2**

***Unit-I***

*Deterioration of Concrete Structures:* Causes of Deterioration: permeability, carbonation, sulphate attack, chloride attack, alkali-aggregate reaction, corrosion. Factors affecting deterioration (environment, cover, types of constituent material, cement content, W/C ratio & workmanship). Preventive measures.

***Unit- II***

*Corrosion of Reinforcement:* Anodic, cathodic reaction, chloride ion presence, factor affecting corrosion, Codal provisions for limiting chloride content, Methods for corrosion measurement and assessment: Half cell potential and Resistivity.

*Cracks:* Factors contributing cracks in concrete. Type of cracks & pattern.

***Unit- III***

*Investigation of deteriorated structures:* Preliminary test methods (visual observation).

*N.D.T.* Non destructive test methods for concrete: Rebound hammer, ultrasonic pulse velocity, penetration techniques and pull out test.

***Unit-IV***

*Materials for Repair:* Properties, selection criterion, Types of material (polymers and resins).

*Special Repair Techniques:* Grouting, shotcrete & under water repair: materials, equipments, precautions process etc.

**Practicals:** As per theory syllabus.

**Suggested Books & References**

1. Bungey and Milard, 'Testing of concrete structures'.

## CE 424 (b) EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT DESIGN OF STRUCTURES

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)

L T P

Credit 2 0 1

Hours 2 0 2

### Unit-I

*Earthquakes:* Introduction to earthquakes, causes of earthquakes, Indian past earthquakes. Types of earthquake waves, Epi-centre, Hypo-centre, focus, magnitude, intensity of earthquake.

### Unit-II

*Effect of Earthquake:* Consequence of Earthquake Seismic zones of India, Seismic Instruments. Dynamic loads on structures due to earthquake. Damages to various Civil Engineering Structures.

### Unit-III

*Response to Earthquake:* Response to harmonic and periodic dynamic loading, Force distribution on flexible and rigid floor systems in a building. Mode super position method.

### Unit-IV

*Design:* Principles of Earthquake Resistant Design, Application of response spectrum method to seismic design of structures, Codal provisions for design and ductility.

**Note:** The use of IS 1893 shall be allowed in the examination.

**Practicals:** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Anil K. Chopra, 'Structural Dynamics'.
2. Agrawal and Shrikhadi, 'Earthquake Resistant Design of Structures'
3. Arya, 'Timber & Masonry structures including Earthquake resistant design'.
4. Clough & Penzien, 'Structural Dynamics'.
5. Mario Paz, 'Structural Dynamics'.
6. Relevant IS Codes.

## CE 424 (c) ADVANCED TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)

L T P

Credit 2 0 1

Hours 2 0 2

### Unit-I

*Traffic Characteristics:* Macroscopic & Microscopic characteristics related to Volume, Speed and Density, Road User Characteristics (Human and vehicular Characteristics).

*Traffic Studies:* Traffic Volume Studies, Speed Studies, Travel Time & Delay Studies, Origin & Destination, Methodology & Analysis of O-D data, Traffic capacity studies, Accident studies & preventive measures.

### Unit-II

*Statistical Methods for Traffic Engineering:* Elementary concepts and probability, Mean, Standard Deviation and Binomial distribution. Normal distribution, sampling theory and significance testing, Linear regression and correlation.

*Traffic Engineering Design:* Principles of Road junction design. Design of Roundabouts. Bus stops and Parking spaces. Design of signals.

### Unit-III

*Traffic Management:* Traffic laws, Regulations and ordinance for Drivers, Pedestrians & Mixed Traffic. Control Measures: One way streets, Kerb Parking control, Intersection Control, Speed Control. Traffic Control Devices (Traffic Markings, Signs, Signals, Traffic Islands), Street Lighting.

### Unit-IV

*Traffic and Environment:* Detrimental effects of Traffic on the environment (air pollution, noise pollution, visual intrusion, aesthetics etc).

*Road Safety:* The identification of problem, causes and prevention, road layout & improvements, safety equipments.

**Practicals :** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Book & References

1. L.R. Kadiyali, 'Traffic Engineering and Transportation Planning'.
2. FD Hobes, 'Traffic Planning and Engineering'.
3. Wohl and Martin, 'Traffic System Analysis'.
4. Adolf D May, 'Traffic Flow Fundamentals'.

## CE 424 (d) OPEN CHANNEL HYDRAULICS

Cr. Hrs. 3(2+1)  
L T P  
Credit 2 0 1  
Hours 2 0 2

### Unit-I

*Basic Fluid Flow Concepts:* Introduction, types of channels and flows, velocity distribution, Pressure distribution, Basic equations, Energy and momentum coefficients.

### Unit-II

*Uniform Flow in Rigid Boundary Channels:* Shear stress distribution, Chezy's and Manning's equations, conveyance, section factor curves for rectangular and trapezoidal channels, flow in circular channel, Relation between conveyance and depth.

Specific energy & critical depth, section factor, hydraulic exponent, applications.

### Unit-III

*Uniform Flow in Mobile Boundary Channels:* Incipient motion condition, Regimes of flow, resistance to flow in alluvial streams.

*Gradually Varied Flow:* Governing equation, characteristics & classification of surface curves, Computation in prismatic and non prismatic channels.

### Unit-IV

*Hydraulic Jump:* Types of jump, hydraulic jump in horizontal & sloping rectangular channels, location of jump, forced hydraulic jump.

*Channel Controls and Transitions:* Free over fall, thin plate weirs, broad crested weir, side weir, spillways, sluice gates, standing wave flume.

**Practicals :** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. K.G. Ranga Raju, 'Flow Through Open Channels'.
2. K. Subramanya, 'Flow in Open Channels'.

## CE 424 (e) EXPERIMENTAL STRESS ANALYSIS

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)  
L T P  
Credit 2 0 1  
Hours 2 0 2

### Unit-I

*Strain Measuring Devices-* Mechanical Extensometers

*Structural Model Analysis:* Direct and indirect methods, Principles of direct model analysis – dimensional analysis, Buckingham theorem, scale factors design for flexural members, scaling model to prototype stresses, various model materials.

### Unit-II

*Begg's Deformeter:* Use of spline models, Beggs deformeter.

*Photo Elastic Methods:* Light and optics as related to photo-elasticity. Polarised light. Plane polariscope. Diffused light polariscope. Photoelastic model materials for two-dimensional application, criterion for selection, properties, various calibration methods.

### Unit-III

*Moire Fringe Techniques:* Optical methods of stress analysis, Moire-fringe methods introduction, mechanism of formation. Geometrical approach, displacement – field approach, sharpening and multiplication of Moire-fringes experimental procedure

*Brittle Coating Methods:* Introduction to coating stresses and strains, coating sensitivity, coating materials, Applications of coatings. Effects of coating thickness, stress separation methods.

### Unit-IV

*Electric Resistance Strain Gages:* Strain measurements, Strain gauges–introduction different types of strain gauges and their principle. Construction, types, temperature compensation gauge sensitivities and gauge factors, correction for transverse strain effects.

*Wheat Stone Bridge :* Introduction of three element rectangular rosette & delta rosette. Mohr's strain circle to get principal strains. Strain gauge circuits introduction, Wheatstone bridge circuit Temperature compensation.

**Practicals :** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Dally, James W. and Rielly, William F, "Experimental Stress Analysis", Tata-McGraw Hill, New Delhi
2. Srinath, L.S., "Experimental Stress Analysis", Tata-McGraw Hill, New Delhi

## CE 424 (f) GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)

L T P

Credit 2 0 1

Hours 2 0 2

### Unit -I

*Ground Improvement Techniques:* Shallow and deep techniques. Soil stabilization; Purpose, mechanical mixing of different types of soils, grading land plasticity characteristics, Mehra's method mixing, Proportioning of soils.

*Soil Lime Stabilisation:* Base exchange, Pozzolanic reaction, curing, Types of soils, stabilised, density, effect on consistency properties. Effect of lime on liquid limit, plastic limit, plasticity index and shrinkage limit. Relationship of strength with curing period & density.

### Unit -II

*Soil Cement Stabilisation:* Soil cement stabilisation, Mechanism of soil cement stabilisation. Various theories; Modified soil cement & plastic soil cement. Effect of amount, density, curing period and surface area on strength.

*Soil Fly-Ash Stabilisation:* Soil-lime fly ash stabilisation, principles of pozzolanic reaction. Proportions used in practice. Stabilisation of dune sand by lime fly ash.

### Unit-III

*Soil Bituminous Stabilisation:* Soil bituminous stabilization Intimate mix theory & plug theory. Effect of mixing, moisture, aerating, density & compaction.

*Thermal Stabilisation:* Theory of thermal stabilisation, Electroosmotic drainage. Double layers, 'Ke' electro osmotic coefficient of permeating, Full scale field test, Electro osmotic chemical hardening Field construction methods and equipment.

Dynamic compaction of soil Equipments used, tests performed in field, Pre compression and Vertical Drains.

### Unit -IV

*Granular Columns:* Methods of construction, bearing capacity of composite soil. Empirical methods/charts, Theory of determination of settlement of composite soil. Vibro-flotation & vibro-compaction.

*Soil Reinforcement:* Geosynthetics, Geomembrane, Retaining Walls.

**Practicals :** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Purushotham, P. Raj, 'Ground improvement Techniques'.
2. Venkaramiah, C., 'Ground Improvement'.
3. Madhav, M.R., 'Development in Reinforcement of Ground and Slopes'.

## CE 424 (g) RURAL WATER SUPPLY & SANITATION

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)

L T P

Credit 2 0 1

Hours 2 0 2

### Unit- I

*Rural Water Supply:* Importance of Village Community in India (condition of Indian villages with special regard to economic, social & health aspects). Quality of water needed for village community ( human & cattle population & their water requirement standards of potable water).

*Sources of Water :* Sources of water for village water supplies (surface water, ground water, springs & wells). Types of wells, disinfection of wells. Different types of pumps used for village wells.

### Unit- II

*Treatment of Water:* screening, plain sedimentation, filtration & disinfection, desalination, de fluoridation.

*Communicable Diseases :* Disease and immunity, communicable disease sources. Mode of transfer. Control of communicable diseases.

### Unit – III

*Fly and Mosquito Control:* Life cycle of flies & mosquitoes. Various methods of fly & mosquito control.

*Milk and Food Sanitation:* Essentials of dairy farm and cattle shed sanitation. Tests for milk and dairy products. Food epidemics. Food poisoning.

### Unit – IV

*Rural Sanitation:* Village latrines, storm water & sullage problem, animal waste, methods of composting, bio gas. Collection and disposal of waste (septic tank, percolation pits, subsurface disposal). Digestion of methane & manure recovery.

**Practicals :** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Hussain, S.K., 'Text book of water supply & sanitary engineering', Oxford & IBH Publishing co. pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Rangewala, S.C., 'Fundamentals of water supply & sanitary engineering', Charotar Publisher House, Anand.
3. Punamia, B.C., 'Water supply & sanitary engineering'. Laxmi publishers. Jodhpur
4. Garg, S.K., 'Water supply & sanitary engineering'
5. Steel, E.W., 'Municipal Rural Sanitation'.

## CE 424 (h) ADVANCED FOUNDATION ENGINEERING

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)

L T P

Credit 2 0 1

Hours 2 0 2

### Unit-I

*Shallow Foundation:* Methods of estimation of bearing capacity. Computation of bearing capacity factors, effect of eccentric and inclined loads effect of water table on bearing capacity. Mayerhof's analysis, Bearing capacity of stratified soils. Methods of estimation of settlement of footings. Limits of settlement for various structures. Indian Standard Code Provisions (IS: 1904,6403-8009).

### Unit-II

*Bearing Capacity:* Determination for allowable bearing capacity as per IS code. Schemartman's method. Dee beer's and Mortin method of finding out settlement from static cone penetration test. Methods of finding out bearing capacity from plate load test, standard penetration test data.

### Unit-III

*Pile Foundations:* Types of pile and their use. Modes of failure. Bearing capacity and settlement pile foundation. Types of piles. Allowable load. Pile load test. Dynamic and static formulae. Bearing capacity factors. Pile under lateral loading. Winklers assumption. Pile resistance and deflection under lateral loads, elastic method, Broms method.

*Raft Foundation:* Semi empirical method of Design of raft foundation.

### Unit-IV

*Expansive Soils:* Behaviour of expansive soil. foundation practice, under reamed piles. Methods of finding out load carrying capacity of under reamed piles in clayey and sandy soil. Provision of IS 2911 Part III-1980. for design of under reamed pile foundations.

*Well Foundations:* Design and construction. Bearing capacity, settlement and lateral resistance. Tilts and shifts, IS and IRC codes methods.

**Practicals :** As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Bowles, 'Design and construction of foundation'.
2. Prakash,Ranajan & Saran, 'Design of foundation and retaining structures'.
3. Tomlinson, 'Foundation Enginnering'.
4. Swami Saran, 'Analysis and design of Substructures'.
5. Relevant IS codes.

## MI 428 (CE) ADVANCED ENGINEERING GEOLOGY

Cr. Hrs. 3 (2+1)

L T P

Credit 2 0 1

Hours 2 0 2

### Unit- I

*Geological Study:* Importance of engineering geological study in civil engineering. Dependence of design of civil structure on geological features at project site. Case studies of civil engineering projects, importance of geological parameters. Wasteful expenditures due to neglect of subsurface explorations. Engineering characteristics of major rock formations of India.

### Unit-II

*Engineering Properties of Rocks:* Porosity, density, moisture, permeability, durability, strength (compressive, tensile and shear). Modulus of elasticity, Poisson's ratio, thermal conductivity, plasticity and deformability.

### Unit-III

*Engineering Classification of Rocks:* Terzaghi's rock classification, Deeres rock quality classification. Rock Quality Designation (RQD), Rock Mass Rating (RMR), Rock Structure Rating (RSR), Quality System, Geological Strength Index (GSI). Analysis for stability of rock slopes and cuttings.

### Unit-IV

*Rock Structures:* Mechanics of Rock structures. Rock joints types (nature, properties, roughness, gouge, gap, persistence, spacing, sets, orientation, intensity, frequency). Joints analysis techniques. Significance of rock structures and joints in Civil engineering.

*Vibrations, Sub-surface Strata and Civil Engineering Structures:* Impact, vibrations, frequency, intensity and their interpretation. Standards and provisions recommended by National and International agencies for safety and stability of structures to sustain the Earthquake & blasting vibration.

### Practicals

1. Uniaxial compressive strength measurement.
2. Tensile strength-Brazilian test.
3. Direct shear test.
4. Triaxial test.
5. Plate load test for deformability.
6. Test for internal stresses-Flat jack.
7. Calculation of bearing capacity of rocks.
8. Joint data plotting.
9. Stereo-net plotting of planar surfaces.
10. Stereo-net plotting of linear structure.

11. Stereo-net plotting of folded strata.
12. Dip-Isogon plotting.
13. Geo-electrical survey exercise for subsurface investigation.
14. RQD calculation.
15. RMR calculation.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Goodman, R. E., 'Engineering Geology - Rock in Engineering Construction', John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
2. Parbin Singh, 'Text Book of Engineering Geology'.
3. N.Chenna Kesavulu, 'Text Book of Engineering Geology'.
4. Kryinine & Judd, 'Engineering Geology and Geo-techniques'.
5. John Pitts, 'Manual of Geology for Civil Engineers'.
6. Tony Waltham, 'Foundations of Engineering Geology'.
7. Obert & Duall., 'Rock Mechanics and Design of Structures in rock', John Wiley & Sons.
8. Railey & Dalley. , 'Experimental Stress analysis', McGraw Hill Book Company.
9. J.C. Jeager & NGW Look, 'Fundamentals of Rock Mechanics', Publisher Chapman & Hall London.
10. 'Manual of Rock Mechanics', Prepared by Central Soil & Material Research Station, New Delhi.
11. Z.T. Bieniawski, 'Rock Mechanics Design in Mining & Tunneling', Publisher – A.A Balkema. Rotterdam, Neatherlands.
12. E.T. Brown, 'Rock Charactive action, testing & Monitoring', ISRM Suggested method. Pergaman Press, Oxford.
13. M.P. Bilkings, 'Structural Geology'.
14. Ragan, 'Geometrical analysis of Geological Data', John Wiley & Sons.

## EE 428 (CE) NEURAL NETWORKS

Cr.Hrs. 3 (2+ 1)
L T P
Credit 2 0 1
Hours 2 0 2

### Unit-I

*Artificial neural systems* : Preliminaries, fundamental concepts & models of artificial system, neural networks.

*Learning rules*: Hebbian, perceptron, delta Widrow-Hoff learning rules.

*Single layer perceptron classification*: Classification model, features & decision regions training & classification using discrete perception, algorithm.

### Unit -II

*Single layer feedback networks*: Basic concepts of dynamical systems, mathematical modeling of discrete time & gradient type Hopfield networks, transient response of continuous time network solution optimization problems.

*Multilayer feedback work networks*: Generalized delta learning rule, feed-forward recall & error, back propagation training, learning factors.

### Unit -III

*Neural network for Civil Engineering*: Classical solution of Civil Engineering problems. Application of Neural Networks to Civil Engineering problems. Introduction to modular networks.

### Unit -IV

*Mathematical fuzzy control*: fuzzy sets, fuzzy set theory, properties of fuzzy sets, Operations of fuzzy sets, fuzzy relations.

*Non linear fuzzy control*: The control problem, FKBC as non linear transfer element PID & sliding mode type FKBC, some typical application of fuzzy based control systems to Civil Engineering problems. Introduction to Neuro-Fuzzy control.

**Practicals** : As per theory syllabus.

### Suggested Books & References

1. Zurada J.M., 'Introduction of artificial neural systems' - Jaico publication House.
2. Haykin S., 'Neural networks. Comprehensive foundation'- McMillian College Publishing company inc.
3. Omatu, M. Khalid, R. Yusof, 'Neuro control and its application', Spring Verlag London Ltd.
4. Driankov D., H. Hellendoorn and M Reinfrank, 'An introduction to fuzzy control', Narosa Publication House, 2nd reprint
5. 'Neuro, Fuzzy and soft computing', PHI publication



6. Yen, John, 'Fuzzy logic. Intelligence control and Information', - Pearson publication.
7. Mehrotra K., Mohan C. K., Raka S., 'Artificial Neural Networks', Penaram Pub.